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SICK

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HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

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THE SNOW FORT.

In the happy days of boyhood,
Five and thirty years ago,
(Life's golden age of joyhood)
We built castles of the snow.
In the glittering drifts we quarried,
And our mason work was rare
As those mansions, many storied,
Manhood fashions out of air.

Though our ramparts and our fosses
Might have puzzled old Vauban,
What cared we, the infant bosses,
For old fogy rule or plan?
Our outworks were the queerest
Ever reared by human skill,
But of names we chose the dearest—
Every fort was Bunker Hill.

How the parts of British leaders
Went a-begging, one and all!
How we all were earnest pleaders
For front places on the wall!
Boys detailed for service foreign
Fell in line with clouded brow,
Each one clamored to be Warren,
And none wanted to be Howe.

The battle—ah! we fought it
Not at all by history's light;
How the pesky English 'caught it,
How they always lost the fight!
In despite of truth we chased them,
And, to facts entirely blind,
As adown the hill we raced them
How we peppered them behind!

Thus we fought the fight of Bunker's
In the days that knew no care,
Ere the snow we tossed, as younkers,
Time had sifted on our hair.
Now, alas! in the fierce battle
We wage daily with the world,
Harder shots against us rattle
Than our boy arms ever hurled.

And 'tis not the generous tussle
Of the snow fort on the knoll,
But a strife of those who hustle
Not the body, but the soul;
And instead of gleaming missiles
Poisoned shafts fly to and fro,
And we march o'er galling thistles,
Not the velvet of the snow.
—W. R. Barber, in Youth's Companion.

DUTCH NECK'S GOAT SAM.

A Billy Full of Guile and More Substantial Things.

Timothy Hillhouse has the most remarkable goat that ever grew chin whiskers, says a Dutch Neck, New Jersey correspondent of the New York Sun. The goat's name is Sam, and his stomach has had in it about everything that in the ordinary run of life is left lying about loose. Sam's courage is about as great as his appetite, and he goes into any kind of a row unhesitatingly if he sees anything to eat at the other end of it.

Sam is 12 years old. He first came into notoriety eight years ago, when he cornered a burglar, and kept him cornered until Hillhouse and a hired man took the man in. This happened one summer night. Hillhouse had lived on the farm that he owns a good many years, and never had been troubled with midnight prowlers. When he retired on this particular night he left the window of a second-story room open. Near the window grew a tree, and up the tree a thief climbed in the night, made his way through the window, ransacked the house, and got safely back to the ground. But the end was not yet. Sam, who was snooping around the yard seeking something that would stop the gnawing in his stomach, espied the burglar as he was coming down and started for him.

The first knowledge that the man had of Sam's presence was when the goat's head hit him with the force of a battering ram from the rear. The fellow was knocked to his knees, but he was quickly on his feet and sprinting for the gate. Sam went after him and got between him and the gate. Seeing that escape in that direction was impossible, the man turned and ran toward the barn. Adjoining the barn was a wagon house, and into the angle formed by these buildings the goat drove the buglar and butted him up against the side of the barn with a force that made the man howl like an Indian. Now and then the man tried to sneak around the goat and get away, but Sam was on the alert and stopped him. The goat pounded away until the burglar ached in every joint, and, concluding that he might better go to jail than face the animal any longer, began to howl at the top of his voice. The noise woke Hillhouse, and, with his hired man, he went out to see what was up. He found the thief and handed him over to the constable.

From that time Sam's career has been eventful and brilliant. One of his most remarkable exploits was the saving of Mr. Hillhouse's little daughter from drowning. Three years ago Carrie Hillhouse, then four years old, started out one afternoon to join her father and his men, who were working in a field about a quarter of a mile from the house. On the way she was obliged to cross a bridge over Sutphin's creek, a sluggish stream that runs between high, steep banks. Sam went with the girl. She stopped on the bridge to look down into the water, lost her balance, and fell in.

Hillhouse, who was on a load of hay, headed for the barn, saw his daughter fall, and, sliding to the ground he ran as fast as he could toward the bridge. The goat, without hesitating an instant, leaped into the water and hooking his horns into Carrie's clothes held her head above the surface.

Sam struggled heroically with his burden, and managed to get to the bank just as Hillhouse reached the spot. The goat and the child were lifted out, and more delicacies found their way into Sam's stomach that week than he ever had seen before. Everybody in the neighborhood showed the goat some mark of esteem, and when Sunday came the preacher in the local church paid him a high tribute in his sermon, and in his prayer invoked a blessing on the head of the faithful animal who, he declared, was "more courageous and more intelligent than many men." Sam is probably the only goat that ever received special prayer in a pulpit.

Sam's appetite frequently has got him into trouble and at the same time has increased his value in the eyes of his owner, who knows that some day, when the goat's thread of life is broken, he will yield up some of the valuables that he has swallowed. Years ago Mrs. Hillhouse discovered that on wash day the safety of the clothes she hung out to dry depended upon their hanging high when Sam was in the neighborhood. She didn't learn this until the goat had almost completely devoured a wash left within his reach. On that occasion he consumed two sheets, a calico dress and a flannel shirt, a table cloth, half a dozen napkins, a pair of boys' trousers, and three cotton stockings. He undoubtedly would have cleaned the line and devoured the rope had he not been discovered by Mrs. Hillhouse before he had reached next to the last garment, for he made a brave fight against the broomstick that was brought into requisition and tried to get at a bosom shirt and sun bonnet that were still on the line. Thereafter the clothes were hung so high that Mrs. Hillhouse was obliged to use a stepladded to reach them, and Sam satisfied himself with walking around, now and then up on his hind legs and sniffing wistfully.

The wide scope of the goat's appetite was not understood even then, but it was revealed to Mrs. Hillhouse one day when she hung a hall mat over the porch rail to let the wind blow the dust out of it. The mat never was seen again, but Sam was found lying on the porch, near the spot where it had been hung, with a look of supreme contentment on his face and a few woolen ravelings of various colors dangling from his jaws. A few days afterward, when she wanted to hang some tidies out on the porch rail to air, Mrs. Hillhouse first tied Sam to a tree, but, unfortunately, she tied him with a rope. It happened that the tidies were in plain view of the goat, and they made a tempting display in the eyes of the creature that so constantly hungered for novelties, whether raw or cooked. Some of them were of fine linen, richly embroidered, and others were combinations of scraps of silk and satin of various pleasing colors. Sam turned upon the rope that held him and ate it. Then he tackled the delicacies displayed on the porch rail, and soon had them stowed away in his stomach.

Mrs. Hillhouse demanded that he be killed at once, but her husband was warmly attached to the animal and refused to end its life. So Sam lived, and lived to eat. The goat's intrinsic value increased. One day when Hillhouse's hired man left his vest hanging on a bar post Sam took a notion to go out in the lot where the men were working, and while nosing around espied the vest. When the owner went to get it at noon it was missing, and only a few bits of lining had been left to indicate its fate. The hired man did not take kindly to the loss of his vest, because in one of the pockets was a brand new $20 open face watch, to which was attached a three-dollar chain. The matches, tobacco, and other stuff in the pockets he could spare, but he couldn't give up his watch without a protest, and he suggested to Hillhouse that there was only one way to recover the timepiece, and that was by killing Sam and laying bare the interior of his food pouch. Hillhouse stubbornly refused to have the goat killed, and satisfied the hired man by buying him a new watch and chain.

Sam showed no signs of regret over the watch exploit and kept on hunting for unusual things to devour. One day he indulged in a meal that caused him considerable physical discomfort. An insurance agent rode out from Trenton to see Hillhouse on business. He came on a bicycle, and, leaning the machine against the fence, went into the house to look over some papers. Sam never had seen a bicycle before, and he immediately began looking it over to find out if there was anything about it that he might safely add to the varied assortment already in his stomach. The tires were soft. Sam began work on them and in an extremely short time had nibbled them from the wheels. The insurance agent was hauled back to town by Mr. Hillhouse's horse, and Hillhouse paid for a new set of tires for the bicycle. The rubber tires did not set so well on Sam's stomach as they had on the wheels, and the day after he had eaten them he gave indications of internal disturbance. He was not himself at all. He refused to eat and lay stretched out in a corner of the woodshed. Hillhouse doctored him, and in two days the animal was well enough to walk out and eat a lace curtain that Mrs. Hillhouse had laid on the grass to bleach, thinking that it was safe because Sam was sick.

One day last summer Hillhouse went to Trenton to draw money with which to pay his help. He drew $100 from the bank, $75 in five-dollar gold pieces and silver and $25 in bills. He put the money in a shot bag and shoved the bag into his coat pocket. When he reached home he took off his coat and laid it on a box while he unharnessed the horse. Sam's eye fell on the coat, and when Hillhouse disappeared in the barn he walked up and proceeded to devour it. By the time Mr. Hillhouse came out of the barn the goat had swallowed one-half of the coat, and it was the half that contained the pocket which had the money. Gold, silver and greenbacks were in the goat's stomach. Then it was that Sam's life came near an end. Hillhouse got his gun and was about to shoot the goat when his daughter objected.

"I must kill him, Carrie," said her father, "because he has swallowed $100 and I can save the coin."

"It'll be just as valuable when Sam dies as it is now," replied Carrie.

Hillhouse could not get over the argument, and Sam's life was spared. Although the animal is walking around to-day with $23 worth of jewelry and $75 in hard coin in his stomach, he puts on no airs. He is the same simple, unpretending creature that he always has been and is just as hungry as he was in his youth. His owner figures that Sam's intrinsic value is upward of $100, but he would not part with him for a house and lot.

Up-to-Date Philosophy.

A girl's idea of a pretty wedding dress is one that cannot possibly be of any use to a woman after she has married.

If we had to wait until a woman lifted her veil in order to kiss her we would lose all appetite and wouldn't kiss her at all.

When people talk gossip at a church society meeting they do it with many exclamations of pity and regret, but they talk it, just the same.

Times have changed. A few years ago, when a man sat up and talked politics his women folks looked at each other as much as to say: "Isn't he smart?" Now when he talks politics they interrupt and contradict him and talk politics themselves.

The greatest man in the world is the plain, plug man, who pays his debts, supports his family fairly well and never does anything remarkable. These remarkable men, who are thoroughbreds for a time and then rob all their friends, are to be avoided.—Atchison Globe.

—There never yet was an architect on earth who planned a house that didn't cost more than the estimate.

THE FIRST RAILROAD.

Originated in a Coal Mine and Was a Crude Affair.

The primitive railway appears to have been the product of the coal mines in Great Britain. History records that in the early part of the sixteenth century rails of timber were laid at the collieries near Newcastle-upon-Tyne, over which, by means of bulky carts provided with rollers, one horse could draw four or five tons. For fully 200 years the use of these rude railroads was confined to the collieries. Improvements developed slowly. The first change was in securing the wooden rails, by means of pegs, to cross ties or sleepers placed two or three feet apart. The rails were six inches high and six inches broad. On top of each rail a strip of hard wood was fastened, which could be renewed whenever occasion warranted without disturbing the remainder of the structure.

Flat iron bars were first substituted for this temporary strip of wood in 1738, and about 30 years later cast iron bars were forged for that purpose. These cast iron bars were each five feet long, four inches wide and one and three-quarter inches thick, with holes for spikes to secure them to the wood. Toward the close of the eighteenth century the practice was adopted of casting the rails with a perpendicular ledge on the outer edge to prevent the wheels from leaving the track. Subsequently the ledge was transferred to the inner side of the rail.

It was not until 1789 that the present type of rail and car wheel appeared. Flanged rails and flat wheels were discarded and the flange transferred to the tire of the wheels. Mr. Jesup introduced, at that period, rails cast in lengths of 15 feet, with the top 1¾ inches wide. They were of the fish-belly pattern; deeper in the middle than at the ends. After various experiments it was found advisable to set the ends of the rails in cast iron chairs, which were bolted to the wooden or stone ties, and into which secured by a key or wedges. Cast iron, however, proved to be too brittle for the passage of heavy loads at high rates of speed, and about the year 1820 malleable iron was substituted and the length of the rails was increased.

The idea of using steam as a motive power on the tramways in the English collieries was first broached by James Watt in 1784, when he applied for a patent for a steam carriage. In 1804 Richard Trevethick built a locomotive engine which was tried upon the Merthyr & Tydvil railway, in Wales, and which drew wagons containing ten tons of coal each, at a rate of five miles an hour. W. Hassell Wilson, in his "Railway History," says that in 1812 Blenkinsops engines began running between Middleton collieries and Leeds (a distance of 3½ miles), and continued in use for several years, being the first instance of the regular employment of steam locomotives for commercial purposes. It was in 1814 that George Stephenson's first steam engine was placed on the Killingworth railway. It drew 30 tons at the rate of four miles an hour upon an incline of one foot in 450. Improvements in locomotives followed gradually. When the Stockton & Darlington railway was opened for public use in 1825, one of Stephenson's locomotives drew a train composed of 22 wagons filled with passengers and 12 wagons loaded with coal, making a total weight of about 90 tons, including the engine and tender, at an average speed of about five miles an hour, but attaining a maximum rate of 12 miles. —N. Y. Times.

DRAW HIM OUT.

The Finest Art of Flirtation Is Adaptability.

The finest art of flirtation is adaptability, says Lippincott's. I do not mean altogether to mold one's self after the mind or mood of the object of one's solicitude, but as rapidly as possible to discover the broad lines of his or her character and disposition, then, with the courage of a military leader, turn the force of our friend, the enemy, in that channel which may best please one's own intelligence and purpose. With a little executive ability, and, in case the object be a man, just a tinge of judicious flattery, this can be accomplished. Sometimes, of course, we run our heads against a stone wall; then something must go, and it is generally not the wall. This is as fatiguing a process in the mental faculties as standing on tiptoe is to the muscles of the foot; but the mental exercise, like the athletic, has its advantages. The rider of one hobby has generally another in training, if not in actual use; and the man who cannot make himself interesting on either of the subjects that most absorb his own interests is not worth one's solicitude, and therefore proves nothing. "Suppressed stupidities avail themselves of extraordinary opportunities to come to light," says Heine. But there are few people in the world, except those who by undue garrulousness give an unnecessarily emphasized illustration of imbecility, and will not, if taken in the right spirit and treated with a certain indulgence, prove entertaining from one standpoint or another.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The newest fad in autograph books is one of cooking recipes. Each formula written in the book has the signature of the contributing friend under it.

A single order for 1,000,000 pounds of smoking tobacco was a new record for that line of business recently achieved by a Virginia tobacco manufacturing firm.

English place names are as interesting as American. The bishop of Worcester is trying to unite against their will the parishes of North Piddle and Upton Snodsbury.

Last year Belgium imported 2,169,847 pounds of raw hides from the United States. The imports in the same time from Argentina and Uruguay were 43,000,000 pounds.

Citizens of Grand Rapids have declared war against a city ordinance compelling property owners to cause the snow to be removed from their walks before nine a. m.

In Nashville the patrol wagon is furnished with pneumatic tires to the wheels. The wagon is also used as an ambulance, which explains the wherefore of the luxury.

A WHEEL STORY.

BY O. K. SCHIMANSKY.

"No, this is not the story of her first attempt to ride, but is my story of an attempt to teach her to ride.

"She was a sweet sister, was this maiden, a sweet sister of John Jones', when she came to me one evening just as old Sol was hiding his fire-red visage back of the trees in the far west, and asked me in an entraneing, apologetic way if I wouldn't assist her in her bicycle practice, 'as Brother John has a pressing engagement, and can't be with me, and, anyway, he says you know more about bicycling than he does.'

"Say, just then I could have hugged John Jones, and his sister, too, for that matter, but John was not there, and as for his sister—well, I did not dare.

"Miss Jones had been the possessor of a bicycle about three days, and as we wended our way side by side to her home to get the steed of steel she informed me that she was doing 'just lovely.' And she also ventured the remark that she actually believed she could ride alone, only she got so terribly frightened.

"When we arrived at Miss Jones' home she excused herself for a few minutes, saying she wished to don an appropriate costume, and when she emerged from the house a little later, clad in a neat-fitting garb of the bloomer type and leading a diamond-frame machine, why, it simply took my breath away. Oh, but she looked chipper, chic and debonair, and my heart was at once smitten with her, though I always had a peculiarly sympathetic feeling for her. She certainly was the most beautiful and sweet morsel of femininity it had been my pleasure to gaze upon. There was no doubt about this, this lesson would be extremely interesting. There would be no skirts to get entangled in the wheels and chain and to bother her in her awkward manipulations of the same, and the time spent in teaching her to properly manage the steed would surely be just so long a time of unalloyed pleasure.

"Miss Jones and I walked to a street seldom traveled after sundown and the walk over the intervening thoroughfares was an exceedingly short one. We arrived at our destination. The first thing was to show her how to mount and this was a stunner. I had assisted many young ladies in their efforts to master the bicycle but all of them rode drop frame machines and they all wore skirts. This case was far different. However, I got on and off the wheel, using the step, 'man-fashion,' and explained to her in detail every succeeding movement. Then Miss Jones tried it. First I firmly grasped the handle bar with one hand, holding the frame in front of the saddle with the other. Miss Jones reached over my arm, took hold of the grips, put her right foot on the step, made a lunge for the saddle—and kerflop, we both landed on the hard road. I was underneath, the wheel made up the second layer of the pile, while Miss Jones sat, not too gently, on top of the whole. I thought one of the handle bars had punctured my side and that I was swallowing a hetrogenous mass of bicycle spokes, good solid clay and rubber tires. Miss Jones did not get off the heap at all but sat there half sobbing, half laughing, and said she hoped I was not injured, that she was so sorry, etc. With an almost herculanean effort I rolled from my position under the wheel and its fair, but heavy burden, and after pulling myself together, gave Miss Jones my hand and helped her to her feet. I inquired if she were hurt but she rejoicingly informed me that she came out unscathed and was ready for another trial.

"I was not much injured—no—but whatever thoughts I had had of spending an enjoyable evening were rudely dispelled from my mind. No, I was not injured, but I could almost swear that one of the pedals of that machine had cut out a few square inches of my shin bone and I imagined I could feel it dangling about my ankle. I was also aware of the fact that there were several non-repairable punctures in my trousers and that my anatomy was bruised and sore in more places than I could enumerate in a three-page article.

"To tell the truth I was not at all anxious to continue the demoralizing lesson, as I was sure that this experience would be the death of me but I wouldn't for an instant think of telling my fair companion that I had to give up.

"No! she should be the first to say it was time to postpone the practice until another day. I was in hopes the wheel was in such condition, after the hard fall, that it would be impossible to use it, but outside of a few scratches, it came out of the tumble as did its owner—not in the least damaged.

"Well, we tried the mounting business over again, and this time I was prepared for the shock and she did land on the saddle most beautifully. After I had balanced the seemingly uncontrollable wheel and told her to get ready for the start off, she said to me that she could ride fairly well now that she was on and if I would just take hold under the back of the saddle and follow her in that way she thought she could pedal forward very well. I did as she told me and after giving the wheel a slight push she moved off. Yes, she went it alone all right. All I had to do was to follow her. At first she went slowly, at what you would call a dog-trot, then she increased her speed. And still all I had to do was to follow her!

"As we were booming merrily onward, she on the bicycle and I on foot, she asked me if I didn't think this most exhilerating sport. Of course, I said it was. Then she said she enjoyed it so much that she would continue on this same course until she became tired, when she would dismount, and after a rest we would return homeward.

"Well, I trotted and trotted and trotted after that wheel, and I thought she never would stop. She went and went and went, and I believe if I had not hinted to her that I sometimes became fatigued, she would have been going yet. But she did finally stop, and in sheer exhaustion I fell to the roadside, and when I had time to recover my breath and look about us I found we were away out in the country, at least three miles from home. She sat down at the roadside, a little way from me. Then she talked.

"She dilated upon the beauties of the summer's evening, the multi-colored foliage of the trees, the irridescent clouds which looked like rare jewels hung in the western skies, as the rays of the now obscured sun cast indescribable glittering tints over them. But poor me, my body and mind were racked with pain, and I did not appreciate our surroundings. After the fall then the unusual exercise, every muscle and nerve in my body seemed to tingle with electric shocks. I was just about done up and when I would think of the return journey my heart would nearly bound from its natural and best location. Every breath I took seemed to be drawing huge chunks of solid air into my lungs, instead of the pure, country atmosphere which I was actually taking into my system. I was tired, sore and disgusted with everything, even with the maiden at my side, whom I now thought one of the ugliest, most uninteresting persons it had been my misfortune to meet. I was thinking, thinking deeply; thinking some things I would not dare think aloud, when I was suddenly brought to my senses by my fair companion saying: 'Well, I'm ready.' So was I—I had to be, and I at once arose and grabbed up that wheel. Of course, before I could start her homeward it was first necessary to get her on to the bicycle, and I trembled as I thought of the task before me. This time I braced myself against a fence and held onto that wheel like grim-visaged death, and when Miss Jones boarded it in really artistic style, I was greatly pleased. I started her off gently and then took hold of the saddle again, prepared to trot home back of the young lady like a dog following its master. I was congratulating myself upon the little trouble experienced in getting her started, when the front wheel of the bicycle began to wobble and chug! went the off handle bar into a fence. Luckily, I was on the opposite side of the wheel and pulling terrifically at the nigh handle bar I got it and its burden again perpendicular. This time I asked her if she were injured, and showing me an aw-ful-ly bruised hand, she bravely replied, 'a little, but it's immaterial.' Why, the skin was scraped off the whole side of her hand, but she bore it like a heroine. And right here I wish to say that I began to think just a wee little bit more of Miss Jones than I had while we were sitting at the roadside a way back.

"Once again she started homeward and by the way she pumped and pushed those pedals I know she was mad about that accident, and as she gained speed, I also began to realize that my powers of endurance would give out ere long, unless she reduced her gait. At last I had to give up but I said nothing to her. I let her guide on homeward, as I thought she would soon notice my absence and then would either dismount or fall off, I cared not which. But she went on and I gradually lost sight of her in the darkness that was growing upon the face of the earth. I was glad that she had gone and I leisurely climbed upon a rail fence at the roadside and sat there meditating. I was mad clear through and the more I meditated the angrier I got. But at last it dawned upon me that it was not the proper thing for me to be sitting upon a wayside fence and leave a young lady to take her own way home after nightfall. Horror of horrors! suppose she had fallen from her bicycle and at this very instant was lying in the road, possibly with a broken leg or injured in some other way so as to be unable to move. Suppose a team of spirited horses were approaching and the driver could not see that prostrate form and ran over it. Ugh! the very thought made my blood run cold. I jumped from the fence and started in the direction in which Miss Jones had gone. I walked along slowly, but as more horrible possibilities came to my mind I went faster until at last I was running as fast as I could, but even then I thought I was going at a snail's pace. Half a dozen times I imagined I saw Miss Jones on the ground ahead of me but always found it to be but a hallucination of my wild and disordered brain. I did finally reach town and because I had not found Miss Jones lying on the road in a pool of blood I was sure that she had been spirited away or kidnapped.

"I rushed to the home of her parents. Her brother John was sitting on the porch smoking a horribly rank stogy and when I excitedly asked him where his sister was he looked at me as though he considered me a lunatic. I implored him to tell me, for the love he bore his sister.

"He looked at me again, then slowly turned his eyes toward the side of the house. My eyes followed his, and there Miss Jones stood, cool and collected with a heavenly smile on her face, and how beautiful she looked. But I fell to the ground in a dead faint and when next I realized anything I was in my own room at home, with my dear mother at my bedside. I looked at her questioningly, and then said: 'Mother, how many weeks have I been ill?' She looked frightened, then answered: 'Why, my dear son, you've been here but a few hours. John Jones and his father brought you here. They said you fainted at their house. Tell me what the trouble is.' After getting over my astonishment I told her about my awful experience of the evening. She laughed at me and comforted me, but say, I tell you I got even with that John Jones for palming his sister off on me that night. You want to know how I did it? Well, I just took her from him, from his mother, from his father—I married her, that's what I did."—Budget.

The Russians.

The Russians are believed to have originated from the Slavonian tribe called the Roxilani, about the Christian era. At a later date they were also called Muscovites, from Moscow, their leading city. The state was founded by Ruric, 862 A. D. Russia was a duchy until 1157, when it became the grand duchy of Wladimir, remaining such until 1328, when it was called the grand duchy of Moscow. The Russian rulers began to call themselves czars in 1462. Peter the Great assumed the title of emperor in 1689.

—St. Paul has an area of 53 2-3 square miles, on which live 170,000 people.

—The blind are often almost preternaturally gifted with the sense of smell.

THOSE WHO TOIL.

Many bicycle firms have increased their labor force, especially in the east, and production for 1897 is rushing.

Over 10,000 men are now involved in the great shipping strike at Hamburg, Germany, and dock work is at a standstill.

A deep-water harbor in south California will cost $3,000,000 for labor and supplies. Work will be commenced at once.

Because of a drought and a bad season the South Australian government is distributing seed wheat to impoverished farmers.

A society of workingmen has been organized at Rochester, N. Y., for the purpose of dealing with political-labor questions.

The first eight-hour demonstration ever held in West Australia took place at Perth lately, all the unions combining for the occasion.

A federation of all the coal miners in Australia is contemplated in the scheme of reorganization of the New South Wales Miners' association.

Skilled men are lacking in the engine-rooms of the warships of the United States navy, and the chief engineer has made a request for more.

Wages of carpenters in Australia have been increased 12 cents a day by agreement between the union and the bosses' association. They are now $2.04 a day.

A new clause permitting Jewish workmen to toil on Sundays to make up for lost time on Saturdays will be introduced in the factories and workshops bill of Australia.

During the last fiscal year the farmers of the United States were paid $571,000,000 by foreign countries for produce. Next year's crops promise to be greater, and the benefits are felt in many directions.

London cabmen are carrying on a guerrilla warfare against the railway companies, which is conducted like a boycott. They refuse to enter any of the stations with passengers or baggage and are otherwise disobliging.

Thirteen million persons will have to be supported by the East Indian government because of the famine. Thousands of square miles of crops have been parched and destroyed by the sun's heat. This means large exports of wheat from America.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

The proposition to increase the pay of the officers in the German army will give the colonels 9,000 marks, the majors 6,000, the captains 3,600 and the lieutenants 1,800 marks per annum. The German mark is equivalent to 23.8 cents.

According to the estimates of German and French statisticians the wars of the last 40 years have cost the nations engaged in them, in money alone, the almost inconceivable sum of $13,000,000,000. Of this amount France has paid nearly $3,500,000,000 as the cost of her war with Prussia.

In order to provide the proper complements of crews for the new war ships that will soon be ready for service it will be necessary to add not less than 4,000 men to the present naval force. In order to secure them congress must pass a suitable law, as the limit allowed has already been reached, and the manning of the Puritan will exhaust all the available material.

France's Foreign Legion is the last refuge for adventurers of all nations. In one company there were serving recently a Roumanian prince, who was suspected of having murdered his brother; a German count, who had been a lieutenant of the guards on the emperor's staff; an Italian lieutenant colonel of cavalry, dismissed for cheating at cards; a Russian nihilist escaped from Siberia; a former captain in the English rifle brigade, and an ex-canon of Notre Dame, suspended for immorality.

A DOG TRAVELER.

Dachshund That Has Covered 40,000 Miles in Four Years.

One of the most traveled dogs on record is Donnie H., a black-and-tan dachshund, which is exhibited in London. Donnie is the property of an officer in the English army, Capt. MacMahon, and in a life of a little more than four years, has traveled some 40,000 miles, 8,000 of them on horseback. He has traversed land and sea, crossed deserts and mountain ranges, and been, with his master, a participant in many deeds of endurance and adventure.

Donnie was born September 18, 1892, in England, and when seven months old was sent to Capt. MacMahon in India by friends. The journey, first by sea, then by land, through Sind to Beluchistan, during a time of great heat, was the first test of the puppy's endurance. He stood it well, and soon began his journeys on horseback, a mode of traveling to which he seemed to take naturally. He accompanied his master on long riding tours through Zhob and other parts of Beluchistan to Simla, and from Peshawar to Cabul.

In the spring of 1894 Capt. MacMahon was appointed British commissioner of the Beluch-Afghan boundary commission and took Donnie with him through the Gomal valley to the Afghan frontier. Here dog and master remained for more than a year, enduring together extremes of heat and cold, hardship and privation. Then came another horseback journey through India and a voyage from Bombay to England. Later a return to India again and a journey through the southern part of the country, something of a pleasure trip this time, Capt. MacMahon being on the staff of the viceroy. This was followed by more travels and hardships in the wilds of Afghanistan and a trip to the Persian boundary. Dog and master are now both in England.

Donnie is a most expert equestrian. With his hindquarters against his master's thigh, and occasionally leaning against his body for support, he rides without even a steadying hand. The horse may walk, trot, canter or gallop, but the dog is not disturbed. He even maintains a perfect equanimity during a reasonably difficult jump.—Chicago Tribune.

What It Might Have Been.

Elsie—Fred confessed his love for me last night.

Jack (who adores her)—Confessed it? I should call it boasting.—Brooklyn Life.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - - - APRIL 16, 1897.

Miss Alice Holmes, of Jersey City, N. J., aged 77, blind for 10 years, has been bequeathed $300,000 by a deceased brother in California. She has declared her intention of exyending the money aid the blind.

JOHN A. BEAVER, a nephew of ex-Governor Beaver, of this state, has been sentenced to the penitentiary for one year and nine months, in New York, for stealing from his employers and falsifying accounts.

HON. Daniel W. Voorhees, ex-U. S. Senator, of Indiana, and a great Democratic leader, is dead, aged 76 years. Mr. Voorhees was familiarly known, because of his splendid physical proportions, as The Tall Sycamore of the Wabash."

HUMANITY is the one power that is strong enough to fuse all the discordant elements which go to make up Congress into solidity in an effort to relieve suffering. The joint resolution appropriating $200,000 for the relief of the sufferers from the floods in the Mississippi river and its tributaries and in the Red river of the North which became a law last week, received the unanimous vote of Congress.

THE framers of the Dingley bill are much interested in a semi-official report from the City of Mexico to the effect that a retaliatory tariff bill is to be introduced in the Mexican congress this week. It is stated that, in view of the practically prohibitive duty on Mexican cattle provided by the Dingly bill, the Mexicans will place a prohibitive duty on American hogs and packing house products, which comprise one of our most important articles of export to Mexico.

NOTICES have been posted in all the rolling mills at Coshohocken, announcing a reduction in the wages of the puddlers to $2 75 a ton, to go into effect April 18th. The present rate paid puddlers is $3 25 a ton. A meeting of puddlers has been called for Saturday night to consider the question of accepting the new schedule or striking against it. The wages of all the other employees are reduced to the schedule in operation before the advance of 1895. This is not the promised prosperity that McKinley was to bring, but it is the kind the people are getting.

THE administration and King Hanna are especially sore over the unmistakable rebuke given them by the result of the Ohio elections. They try to make light of the matter by saying that only local issues were involved, but they know better, and every body else knows better; knows that the administration expected and worked for Republican success, which it would have considered an endorsement. Senator Jones, Chairman of the Democratic National committee, says: "While I am not at all disposed to attach too much importance to purely local elections, I do believe that the result in Ohio is largely due to the dissatisfaction with the National and State government of the Republican party. There is no doubt in my mind, either that the cause of bimetallism has made tremendous strides since last November, and I believe that more has been accomplished for our cause by the very logic of events than was done by all the campaign methods."

EX-SENATOR HILL, of New York, warns the Democracy against overconfidence and undue exultation over recent Democratic victories. We don't think the warning at all needed. No one is so foolish as to regard the elections as decisive of anything in the tuture. They merely show, says the Pittsburg *Post*, a certain drift which may or may not develop into the proportions of a tidal wave at the congressional elections next year.

Politics is becoming a much more uncertain quantity than formerly, for the reason, we suppose, that there has of late been a great weakening in party lines and attachments. The Democrats in 1892, and the Republicans in 1896, achieved great victories, and prediction followed that the opposition was dead for a long time. This was shown to be groundless as to 1892 and the Democrats, and it will be equally so as to 1896 and the Republicans. In both instances the victorious parties were recruited immensly by all the odds and ends of politics. Their strength was unduly swollen by the immense multitudes always in opposition but with no fixed party attachment. This element as soon as it votes a party in straightway proceeds to vote it out. No administration can fulfill a tithe of the pledges made for it on the stump and in vote-getting platforms. How is it now with the Republicans and prosperity and the advance agent? Since 1872 no president has been re-elected for an immediate second term. Hayes and Arthur were refused nominations. Since Jackson's time the only presidents that have been re-elected in 65 years have been Lincoln, Grant and Cleveland, and they were exceptional men of exceptional parts. It is questionable if a president will be re-eleeted in the future, unless the pressure of events and marked capacity and personality make him a great figure in the history of his time. Party ties are loosing their hold. Party discipline is relaxed. The independent and no-party men seem to be able to swing the pendulum, and it is a law of our latter day politics that after a trial they are as quick to vote a party out as to vote a party in. We all expect too much of government, and hence are bound to be disappointed, with the resulting kick.

As a rule, says the Philadelphia *Record*, legislative committees of investigation do not investigate where any serious abuses are to be uncovered; but the committee to inquire into the condition of the miners of bituminous coal in Western Pennsylvania has proved an exception. From the investigations of the committee it is seen that the company store abuse is practiced in the bituminous coal mines around Pittsburg with a rapacity and contempt for the rights of the workingmen seldom observed elsewhere in the State. Industrial employers of labor, no matter how harsh, would be ashamed to treat workingmen with the iniquity practiced upon them by some mining corporations. There is less excuse for this company store abuse in and around Pittsburg, where stores of every description supply consumers at the lowest rates.

It appears from the testimony of witnesses before the committee that every species of wrong known to the company store system is practiced by these privileged corporations. Forehanded workingmen who demand payment of their wages in cash set an example that is most injurious to the truck system, and a pretext is soon found for discharging them. The prices of all commodities are higher at the company stores than elsewhere, as without the opportunity for extortion upon helpless miners there would be no inducement for maintaining these concerns. In order the more successfully to practice the system, more miners are employed than are needed; and this brings more customers to be plucked at the corporation store. Thus what with short work and the plundering store system the miners of Western Pennsylvania eke out an extremely precarious existence. It is worthy of observation that the loudest yelps for "Protection to American Labor" come from corporation managers who do not hesitate to practice the most infamous method of filching from workingmen a large share of their hard earnings.

For many years the Legislature of Pennsylvania has endeavored from time to time to extirpate the company store iniquity; but in vain. The Courts, in their jealous guardianship of the right of private contract, have overturned all effective legislation on the subject. Yet in this case the only right of contract on the one side is the privilege of being plundered. The company store system is as contrary to public policy as are contracts to pay gambling debts or liquor bills; but the Courts that have refused to enforce all such contracts have found no difficulty in maintaining the implied contracts under an iniquitous device for robbing workingmen. More than fifty years ago the Parliament and Courts of England put the brand on the store system of paying wages in truck as hostile to humane and enlightened public policy.

There is no question that the coal companies which have been under legislative investigation in Western Pennsylvania and other corporations that are guilty of like practice have violated the spirit of their charters. But if these charters should be forfeited nothing would be easier than for the managers of these corporations to go to Harrisburg and for a hundred dollar fee take out other charters under new names. Hence the mere forfeiture of the charter of a mining corporation for exceeding its privileges would do little toward mitigating the profitable company store abuse.

But while all mining corporations which evade the laws by selling goods should be prosecuted to the forfeiture of the charters, the Legislature should pass a declaratory statute putting the company store system for robbing honest labor of its wages under the ssme ban with contracts to pay gambling debts, election bets and liquor bills as equally hostile to sound public policy. It would then be seen whether the Courts, while refusing to enforce a contract to pay a poker debt or a whisky bill, would be so inconsistent as to maintain compulsory obligations of poor miners to receive their wages in the truck of corporations as an alternative to total loss of employment and starvation. Let the priveleges of mining corporations to cheat labor out of a part of its wages be brought to the test again and again in the Legislature and in the Courts until the decision shall be finally made on the side of justice and humanity!

IN an exhaustive discussion of the principles of taxation by Mr. David A. Wells, now running in The Popular Science Monthly, the principle is asserted and supported with a wealth of political authority and legal decisions that the rightful object of taxation is the support of government and its limit the actual needs of government.

It is upon this sound principle that the Democrats of the house founded their protest aganst the Dingley tariff bill. They show that the Republican tariff bill violates the principle in both ways. It levies taxes for the benefit of private enterprise and levies far more than the support of the government requires. In effect, it collects a bounty for distribution to favored individuals, and in order that this may be done proposes taxes from $50,000,000 to $75,000,000 in excess of the government's needs. The Republicans propose a double robbery of the people.

AN act passed by the last congress limits the maximum cost of armor plate for government vessels to $300 per ton. On the recent call for bids for supplying plate for a number of proposed new vessels, only one bid was received. That was a conditional one from the Illinois Steel company, which the secretary of the navy decided he could not accept. Senator Chandler proposes, by way of thwarting the armor plate combine, that the government seize the Carnegie and Bethlehem plants, under condemnation proceedings, which he claims it has the right to do.

Mr. Brian in an Accident.

A balcony at the San Marco hotel, St. Augustine, Fla., from which William J. Bryan had just been addressing a large concourse of people, broke on Thursday night of last week, and precipitated him and about one hundred other persons to the ground beneath, a distance of some twenty-five feet. Mr. Brian was picked up unconscious, but recovered and expected to be abie to address the Legislature at Tallahassee to-day. Several other persons were seriously hurt.

Jacksonville, April 9.—William J. Brian passed through here early this morning en route from St. Augustine to Tallahassee, where he will speak this afternoon. He seemed to be suffering considerably from the effects of the accident at St. Augustine last night, but his vigorous physique enabled him to keep up and moving. A slight discoloration was seen above the left eye. His face was pale. These are the only outward evidences of the accident, although a tinge of pain would occasionally be seen across his face. His limbs are also bandaged in several places, where he received slight bruises.

His time while in Jacksonville was spent quietly at the railway station. The heavy downpour of rain prevailing, prevented his speaking, and the rest he secured seemed to be very agreeable to him.

Highest Water Ever Known.

New Orleans, April 11.—The river gauge fluctuates between 18 and 18.2 feet. This brings the record up to one-tenth of a foot higher than given by any official data compiled. The river is certainly booming, and in spots the water washes over the "aprons" of the levees, making extensive deposits of mud. The authorites, however, deny any additional apprehension, and are resourceful in combating any inroads made by the river, rapidly applying temporary barriers of sacks filled with earth and such other devices as appear most expedient.

In the adjoining parishes of St. Bernard and Plaquemines the levees suffer most from wave washes, but officials charged with the duty of maintaining the embankments in good shape are straining every nerve to keep out the water. The present dry weather is a Godsend and the rain-soaked levess are drying quickly, facilitating improvements. In spite of the rising river the situation can be described as satisfactory.

Changing the Course.

Omaha, Neb., April 13.—The Missouri river is changing its channel past Omaha and, in doing so, threatens to destroy property to the value of several million dollars. Last night the river broke through its banks about a mile above where it left the old channel twenty years ago and is to-day running two broad streams across which were yesterday fertile market gardens. These streams run into Florence lake, a relic of a former cut-off. From Florence lake the water is pouring into Cut-off lake, and it now seems only the question of a few hours until East Omaha is moved into Iowa and all the property in the line of the flood is swept away.

But Others Can.

Harrisburg, April 9.—Rev. Dr. S. C. Swallow, recently convicted of libeling the board of public buildings and grounds, and who has been trying to get into the ruins of the burned capitol to see what he can find to establish his charge that the capitol was burned under suspicious circumstances, is out in a card in which he denounces the board for refusing him admission to the ruins. He says the board has informed him that it has referred his request to the attorney general for an opinion, and this, he claims, will bar out his witnesses until after the meeting of the committee on the origin of the fire on Tuesday evening next.

Fitz May Fight Again.

New York, April 13.—Martin Julian arrived in this city to-day. He said:

"We have never stated that Fitzsimmons retired from the ring, or that he would not fight. If any new aspirants come forward and a good purse is offered Fitz will not shirk a fight. He has never been a shirker. The talk of Kid McCoy challenging him is all nonsense. Why, Fitz taught him all he knows."

Speaking of Brady's threat to challenge Fitzsimmons to another fight, Julian is reported as saying:

"Brady is not such a fool as to attempt it and Corbett has no particular desire to meet Fitzsimmons again."

Flood Victims Suffering for Food.

Little Rock, April 10.—Governor Jones yesterday received a letter from island 73, in which it is said that the people there are in imminent danger of perishing. The inhabitants are on house tops, on rafts and all manner of floats, and are entirely without food. There said to be 35 families around the island, and the letter states that unless they receive immediate succor they will certainly perish. One family near the island lost six children in the flood. Another letter from Laconia levee district gives a graphic description of the sufferings of the victims in that district.

Thieves Loot a Postoffice.

Lancaster, Pa., April 12.—Thieves Saturday night entered the postoffice at Leola, a small village near the city, blew open the safe and stole $65 in stamps. Then they visited the jewelry store of A. S. Beiler, broke in the front door and while about to proceed to rob it were surprised by the proprietor, who had been awakened. The robbers fired four shots at Beiler, but missed him. Jacob Ash, who lives in the same building, was also aroused and was fired upon when he came on the scene. Beiler seized a large dinner bell, and when he began ringing it violently the robbers fled.

Father and Son Killed.

Bradford, Pa., April 11.—John Peterson and his son, Axel, aged 16 years, were digging a ditch near Kinzua yesterday in the yard of an abandoned nitroglycerine factory. The boy struck with his pick an old waste pipe containing the explosive and he was blown literally to atoms. His father was working near by and was shockingly mangled, dying in a few minutes.

The Brooklyn Again Afloat.

Philadelphia, April 14.—The U. S. cruiser Brooklyn, which was injured in the ice gorge on the Delaware in January, was successfully floated out of the dry dock at League Island Navy Yard at 11:30 o'clock this morning. She now lies at anchor in the Delaware river, where the finishing touches will be administered before the ship is declared seaworthy.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Three Commissioners.

Washington, April 12.—The president to-night announced the appointment of Senator Edward G. Wolcott, of Colorado; Hon. Chrlaes J. Payne, of Massachusetts, and ex-Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson, as commissioners to an international monetary conference. These appointments are made under the act approved March 3 last, "For the promotion of an international agreement for bimetallism," and by its provision do not require confirmation by the senate.

It has been generally conceded that Senator Wolcott would be made a member of the commission. He has been an active leader in the movement for a monetary agreement and widely known as an advocate of the silver cause.

Ex-Vice President Stevenson, the Democratic member of the commission, is generally known as an advocate of bimetallism, and a staunch supporter of Bryan and Chicago platform. He and Senator Wolcott, however, are said to be in accord on the financial question.

General Charles J. Payne, who may be termed the minority member, is a Republican and was a McKinley man. He is one of the most prominent business men of Massachusetts, and is said to be a deep student of the financial question. While he is classed as a supporter of bimetallism based on international agreement, he is regarded as allied with the "sound money" faction.

Fatal Southern Cyclone.

Ozark, Ala., April 10.—A cyclone passed over a portion of Dale county Thursday night, leaving wreck and disaster in its path. Many houses were demolished. Several persons were killed. A Mrs. Powers was caught by the falling timbers of her home and died before she could be rescued. The rest of the family were rescued, including an infant whom the mother saved at the cost of her life. For many miles everything the farmers had was swept away by the wind or ruined by the torrents of rain. The citizens of Ozark have sent several wagon loads of supplies to those in need.

The second portion of the cyclone was deflected upon the Flint valley, breaking across south Georgia and passing through Arlington, where but a few weeks ago nine children were killed in the ruins of a school house. Reaching Valdosto, the storm became intensified in fury, and trees were blown down in every part of the city. A church was wrenched from its foundation and twisted into fragments by the winds. The box cars on the Plant system were blown off the track. From many other towns in the vicinity reports of an equally alarming nature are coming in.

Fulton Will Participate

Philadelphia, April 13.—The presence of a French man-of-war at this port on the occasion of the unveiling of the Washington monument on May 15 and the participation of her marines and sailors in the parade on that occasion were assured to-day upon receipt of a letter from the French ambassador at Washington, M. Patenotre, announcing that instructions have been given to the warship "Fulton" to take part in the ceremonies.

A committee of the society of the Cincinnati will visit President McKinley to-morrow and inform him of the arrangements for his proposed visit to this city on the occasion of the dedication exercises. The committee will present the president with a gold eagle, the insignia of the society of which he is an honorary member.

The Seal Controversy.

Washington, April 12.—The recent appointment of ex Secretary Foster and ex-Assistant Secretary Hamlin by the president to assist in the negotiations now in progress with Great Britain respecting the Behring sea seal fisheries is indicative that this loug standing diplomatic issue has at last assumed grave importance, and that an earnest effort is to be made to end the present unsatisfactory state of affairs, or at least to place the subject on such a footing before the beginning of the approaching season as will prevent it from passing into a more serious phase. The trouble appears to have been principally through the refusal of the British authorities to renew last year the regulations requiring British vessels going into the seal waters to place their firearms under seal.

Miss Dickinson Gets a Small Verdict.

Scranton, Pa., April 10.—The closing arguments of counsel in the Ann Dickinson case were made yesterday and Judge Acheson charged the jury. His instructions were not binding, but they might just as well have been, as they clearly suggested a verdict for the defense. He said: "Personally, I believe the the forcible entry into Miss Dickinson's room was justifiable, though I don't ask you to accept my view of the matter. The action of the several defendants in assisting to take Miss Dickinson to the asylum seems to have been none other than neighborly assistance." The jury retired at 5:30 o'clock, and at 12:35 reported a verdict of 6¼ cents in favor of Miss Dickinson.

Largest Insurance Policy Ever Issued.

Mrs. Leland Stanford on Friday signed the contract by which her life is insured for $1,000,000. The policy which is said to be the largest ever issued was written by a New York company. By the terms of the contract Mrs. Stanford is to pay an annual premium of $170,000 and upon her death $1,000,000 will be paid by the company to the Leland Stanford, Jr., university. Should she live ten years and continue her annual payment of premiums the university will receive at her death $2,000.000 instead of $1,000,000.

A Welcome Usher of '97.

The beginning of the new year will have a welcome usher in the shape of a fresh Almanac, descriptive of the origin, nature and uses of the national tonic and alternative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Combined with the descriptive matter will be found calendar and astronomical calculations absolutely reliable for correctness, statistics, illustrations, verses carefully selected, and other mental food highly profitable and entertaining. On this pamphlet, published and printed annually by The Hostetter Company, of Pittsburg, 60 hands are employed in the mechanical department alone. Eleven months are devoted to its preparation. It is procurable free of druggists and country dealers everywhere, and is printed in English, German, French, Spanish, Welsh, Norwegian, Holland Swedish and Bohemian.

OMAHA IS DELUGED.

Great Flood Rushing on the Nebraska City.

MILLIONS IN PROPERTY IN PERIL.

The Missouri River Threatens to Resume the Channel Abandoned 20 Years Ago—Hard Fighting to Prevent It. The Scared People Flee.

OMAHA, April 14.—Piling and boards and bags of sand, old hay and stones are being fed to the hungry maw of the Big Muddy at Omaha in an effort to restrain the manifest intention of that erratic stream to resume the channel abandoned 20 years ago. It looks like the effort might succeed. But all hope is hedged about with provisos that the river does not rise any higher, that a north wind does dot blow and, most uncertain of all, that the break in the bank above Florence lake is not so bad as the overflowing water indicates.

If the Missouri changes its channel past Omaha it will destroy property to the value of several million dollars. The river broke through its banks about a mile above where it left the old channel 20 years ago and is running two broad streams across what were fertile market gardens. These streams run into Florence lake, a relic of a former cutoff. From Florence lake the water is pouring into Cutoff lake.

Should the river complete the cut-off it has threatened, East Omaha, with extensive factory plants, including the great Carter white lead works, will be moved into Iowa, and the $3,000,000 bridge of the East Omaha Terminal company will be left across a slough, while the thousands of dollars expended by the government in protecting the banks of the river along the great bend will have been wasted on a "cut off" lake.

East Omaha and North Omaha are flooded by the waters that are rushing from the overfull Missouri river. The residents flee for their lives, leaving their possessions behind. The houses are standing in the flood, submerged in water from 1 to 5 feet deep. Fields of grain and fences disappear beneath the surface of the water, and the trees no longer show any trunks.

The flood is pouring in upon the lowlands of the East Omaha bottoms in a stream that is estimated to be 2,000 feet in width. It is sweeping southwest and is pouring into Florence lake. The water in the lake has broken over the levee that was built to separate it from Cut Off lake, and it is now rushing with ever increasing volume into the latter. It is spreading over plowed and planted fields, it is driving residents from their homes in North Omaha, it is tearing up fences and threatening the houses that stand from three to four feet deep in the water. It is pouring into Cut Off lake just north of the long bridge which leads to Courtland Beach.

If it continues it is anticipated that the lake will overflow its southern banks. If this should occur and the rise be still maintained, the entire southern portion of East Omaha would be threatened with a most disastrous flood, as there is no elevation of the land to stem the outpouring.

THE BOODLING IN KANSAS.

More Evidence Before the Legislative Committee.

TOPEKA, April 14.—Much additional evidence of boodling has been developed by the legislative bribery investigating committee. A law giving the county power to imprison witnesses who refuse to answer questions was unearthed and used with effect.

M. K. Moad of Paola said that C. R Walters of Labette county told him he had received $100 for opposing a certain bill and that he was to receive $500 more. At the close of the session he exhibited $1,000, which he said he had made during the session.

J. M. Doyle of Republic county testified that he was approached by a stranger, before the house had voted on the stockyards bill, and asked how he stood on the measure. Witness replied that he was for the bill, whereupon the man said:

"If you were against it there would be some money in it for you."

COMPROMISE, INSTEAD OF WAR.

Greece and Turkey Believed to Be Ready to Agree.

LONDON, April 14.—The Athens correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says that compromise is evidently in the air. Turkey is showing herself exceptionally friendly to Greece, and it is believed in diplomatic circles that the two parties, if left alone, would settle the affair in as many days.

Advices from Epirus represent the situation there as a reign of terror. The Turks are laying the country waste with fire and sword. The vali of Janina has ordered every Christian to give the Turkish army 10 sheep and a bullock.

TRIKHALA, April 14.—The insurgent bands have returned to Greek territory with the exception of one or two, which are composed of only a small number.

HONORED VOORHEES' MEMORY.

The Dead Man's Body Laid In State at the Indiana Capitol.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 14.—The remains of ex-Senator Voorhees lay for some time in the rotunda of the state capitol under a military guard of honor. Governor Mount, the state officers, the judges of the supreme and appellate courts, the federal officers and the city officers first filed by the coffin to view the body, and afterward came a crowd of citizens, passing in single file on each side of the body. There was a chant by choir boys at the capitol after the body arrived.

The body was taken to Terre Haute in charge of W. R. McKeon and John B. Lamb, representing the citizens of Terre Haute.

Boyle Goes to Liverpool.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The senate in executive session confirmed the following nominations: Alfred E. Buck of Georgia to be minister to Japan, James Boyle of Ohio to be consul at Liverpool.

Journalist Forney Dead.

LEBANON, Pa., April 14.—Colonel D. I. Forney, the journalist, has died at his home in this city from brain trouble, aged 70 years.

A Double Murderer Hung.

JERSEY CITY, April 14.—John Mackin, Jr., has been hanged here. Mackin killed his wife and her mother, Mrs. Bridget Conners, Feb. 27, 1896.

A NEW YORK bucket shop firm, which recently failed, had 2,000 victims whose losses aggregate $2,000,000. The firm's receipts from victims some days was as high as $10,000.

B. & B.

The new Catalogue and Fashion Journal—No 21—ready about April 10—will be one of the largest and most complete mail order guides we've ever published—over 150 pages in the book—prices of everything we sell—pictures of the goods on almost every page—every suggestion and bit of information that will help make buying here satisfactory and profitable to you, no matter where you live. Send you address and we'll mail a copy free, postpaid.

SILKS—the choicest wash silks we ever offered at such prices:

New Crystal Cord Silks, 35c.

Genuine Habutai Wash Silks, 35c.—best wash silks made.

Faiki Silks, 25c—in handsome stripes and checks.

New Foulard and Indi Silks, 25, 35, 50, 75c., $1.00, 500 different pieces, designs and colorings that show an artist's touch, splendid for full gowns and waists.

In the interest of your pocketbook have us send you samples of these; then you can measure accurately the length and breadth of the advantages we offer, and decide whether you'll save most money by buying here. We want to show you by the most thorough test possible how determined we are to get your orders on MERIT—and we think they have merit enough more than usual to win us the preference.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to ally inflammation and heal the membrane. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

nov 16 94 ly.

Assignee's Sale OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

Assigned estate of James A. Malin.

By virtue of an order of sale issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, in the Seventeenth ward of the city of Johnstown, Cambria county, Pa., on

SATURDAY, MAY 22ND, 1897,

AT TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.

All the following described real estate, which has been assigned to the undersigned by James A. Malin and wife.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that certain lot of ground situate, lying and being in Moxham (now in the Seventh Ward of the city of Johnstown,) in the township of Stonycreek, County of Cambria and State of Pennsylvania, said lot being known and designated on the plan of Moxham by the number of one half of 76 of the southern half of lot No 763 and having a frontage of twenty feet on the west side of Park avenue and extending back the same width between parallel lines one hundred and twenty feet to Fourth alley; one half of lot No. 763 on one side and lot No. 763 on the other side, and having thereon erected a

TWO-STORY FRAME

Dwelling House.

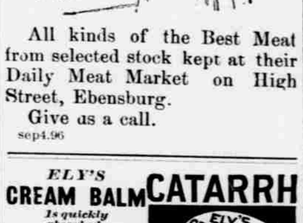
TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of purchase money to be paid when the property is struck down and the remainder in three month from date of confirmation; deferred payments to be secured by judgment of mortgage, with interest, at the option of the assignee

J. L. SMITH,
Assignee of James A. Malin and wife.
JAMES M. WALTERS.
April 2 3t.

Owens & Makin,

BUTCHERS,



All kinds of the Best Meat from selected stock kept at their Daily Meat Market on High Street, Ebensburg.

Give us a call.

sep4.96

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

It Will Cure COLD IN HEAD

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York. nov.10.94.ly

SALESMEN WANTED

To sell our **high grade inspected** Nursery Stock. Many **new specialties** offered this year for the first time, as well as the standard varieties of fruits and ornamentals. **No previous experience necessary.** Write for terms, stating age, etc.
Hoopes, Bro. & Thomas, Maple Avenue Nurseries, West Chester, Pa.
March 26 4t.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

For all Bilious and Nervous Diseases. They purify the Blood and give Healthy action to the entire system.

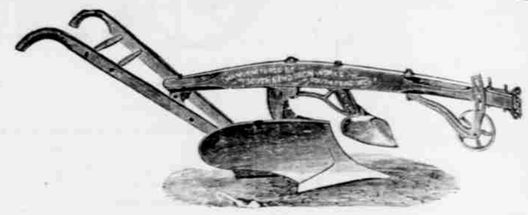
Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.

April 16 97 1y

Oliver Gave to the World the Chilled Plow.

THE OLIVER CHILLE ORIGINATED THE CHILLED PLOW INDUSTRY.

It is the Largest Plow Factory in the World!



THE

GENUINE OLIVER CHILLED PLOW

and Repairs Are the Best on the Face of the Globe.

They stand first and foremost for excellence, durability and superior finish. Beware of imitations. The name OLIVER is on all wearing parts.

HENCH & DROMGOLD'S

Latest Improved Riding or Walking

Lever Spring Tooth Harrow on Wheels

The Harrow has been thoroughly tested on rough and rocky, and on soft and mellow land and the draft is lessened almost one-half a horse less than on the flat spring tooth harrow, or in other words, a man weighing 150 pounds can ride upon this harrow and the draft is no more than with a common float spring tooth harrow. 15 inches can be worn off the teeth by the use of the lever and the rachets. The seat can be removed in a second.

BUGGIES, WAGONS, HARNESS AND BICYCLES.

N. B. SWANK,

326 COR. MAIN & BEDFORD STS., JOHNSTOWN, PA.

3 19 95

EBENSBURG

Granite and Marble Works,

J. WILKINSON & SON,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

The Highest Grades of Cemetery Work

From the Best Marble and Granite produced. We are prepared to execute any class of work including the largest and most elaborate monumental memorials and our reputation earned by years of careful consideration of our customers' wants should entitle us to your potronage. All correspondence will be answered promptly and all work guaranteed as represented. Particular attention given to the setting of work. We are also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence for Cemetery, Public and Private Buildings.

3 19 97

When You Visit

ALTOONA,

CALL AT

JOHN McCONNELL'S CLOTHING STORE,

1300 ELEVENTH AVENUE,

where you will find the largest, finest and best selected stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods to be found in the city.

Cambria County people who have been dealing with us in the past will find the same reliable goods that we have always been selling and at the lowest prices to be found in the city.

JOHN M'CONNELL,

1300 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, Pa.

THERE IS NOTHING

That enters into the home than adds more to the comfort, healthfulness and happiness than the Kitchen Stove.

The most careful attention is given to manufacture of the

CINDERELLA STOVES & RANGES

They are constructed to meet every requirement, and nothing is left undone to make them perfect. They are the result of the best experience, material and workmanship.

You cannot find many cooking appliances that so closely meets every want of the housewife as the **CINDERELLA.**

Noted for their durability, cleanliness and economy.

GOOD BAKERS, PERFECT ROASTERS

Sold with that understanding.

Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrick. HASTINGS—I. L. Binder. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—F. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son. [feb12'96]

Let Us Reason a Little.

If your horse casts a shoe, you get a horse shoer to reset it.
If you need a perplexing legal question solved, you go to a lawyer.
If you fall ill you have a Doctor to tell you what to take.

It is their Experience and Skill You Pay For.

Then why make an exception in the purchase of your Drugs? If you have a family recipe or a prescription to fill, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Drugs, Proprietary Medicines, or anything to purchase that a store devoted to Drugs may keep, don't foolishly confound quality with quantity and get an inferior article.

WE HAVE THE BEST.

DAVISON'S - DRUG - STORE

Orphans' Court Sale OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an alias order issuing out of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, I will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

FRIDAY, APRIL 30TH, 1897,

AT 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

the following described property, the estate of E. Ida Butler, deceased, viz:

All that certain lot of ground situate in the Fifth ward, of the City of Johnstown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Fronting on the westerly side of Somerset street, and extending back ten perches to—what is now or was lately known as—Walnut alley and being known on the plan of Kernville as Lot No 20, and being the same lot of ground the title to which became vested in said Elijah Butler by deed of George W. Kerne et al., dated March 16, 1860, and recorded in the Recorder's office for said county in Record Book Vol. 27, page 829, having erected thereon a

TWO-STORY FRAME

Dwelling - House,

in good repair, and outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid when the property is sold; the balance of one-half on confirmation of sale by the Court, and the remaining one-half in six months thereafter. Deferred payments to bear interest at six per cent, and to be secured by judgment bond or mortgage, as trustee may require.

HERMAN BAUMER,
Trustee.
EDWARD T. MCNERLIS, Atty., Johnstown, Pa.
April 9, '97. 3t.

S. L. REED. MATTHEW J. READE.

REED & READE,

Attorneys at Law,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

Office on Centre street. [4 29 95

KITTELL & LITTLE,

Attorneys at Law,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Office in Opera House. 2 8 96

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A

Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. oct7-'96

J. F. MCKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA

Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PA.

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DONALD E. DUFTON,
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Office in Opera House, Centre street

Do You Want Employment

At home or traveling with GOOD PAY? If so, write to us for particulars, giving age and occupation. You can work all or part time, and the work is LIGHT AND EASY. Address,

THE HAWKS NURSERY COMPANY,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Mar 12 97 4m.

CANCER AND TUMORS CURED. No knife. Book free. DR. BYE, GRATIOT & BOND, 263 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

bria Freeman.
BURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.
APRIL 16, 1897.

AL AND PERSONAL.

J. Wilbur, of this place, visited n Monday.

festival will be held in St. Hall, Chest Springs, on next ght to which all are cordially

s for buildings, the cost of aggregate $80,000) have be n Johnstown, to be erected this

-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. wers, died at the home of the ilen Glade on Monday from

unty commissioners have ap- ed Warner, assessor of Cres- ship, to fill the vacancy caused h of Frank P. Mover.

ther of Mr. George H. Roney, n ward died at his home in Kalp, Armstrong county, on Mr. Roney is away attending

ne named George Staum living Lehigh county has worn the same continuously every winter for the ars, and there is not a patch on

Sandusky, aged 30, while ver the Manvink bridge a few of McVeytown on Friday as struck by a passenger train ntirely killed.

ger wild cat, that measured 74 from tip to tip, was trapped on Mt. Bear Thomas, one day last k bills has been sent to a collect- ia in New Jersey.

s to prohibit treating to intoxi- ors was killed in the state sen- Monday of last week by a vote of 19 years. The senatorial patri- ejected the bill un-American.

s. Wilbur & Son, the clothiers ve ad in this issue. They are ir clothing and they want your ll for a few moments to read their the reading go and see for your-

dies of the Holy Name congre- will give a grand supper at the ome in this place, on Tuesday April 21st, to which everyone is Supper from 5 to 11 P. M. Tick- s at E. C. Parrish's store.

ork in the oil pipe line which the Susquehanna river near Perry, covered the surface of the e crude oil and all shad caught e impregnated with kerosene to ndent that they are unfit to eat.

day, April 17, at the residence of Squires, the Ladie's Exchange rethan church will offer for sale: ns, brown bread, baked beans, e, cookies, veal salad, cold ton- ad and deviled eggs, home-made e, etc.

to repeal the Act of 1872, fixing ry of the commissioners, of Cam- ay at $40 per year, was intro- the senate by Senator Stineman, ia. The new bill of Senator Stine- the commissioners $3.50 per day eling expenses.

or Boniface M. Krug, whom Pope appointed abbot of Monte Cas- mother of all the Benedicting der of the world, though born in e was brought up in the United ing his vows at the abbey of ot in Pennsylvania.

ng last year the bituminous min- produced 50,273,000 tons this de- ing over a million and a half tons. s 6,631,000 tons last year, against of the year previous. Fayette s now the leading coke producer, ishes amounting to more than the total.

total number of copies of news- rinted throughout the world in s 22,000,000,000. To print these 56,250 tons of paper, or 156,248,000 while it would take the fastest ress 333 years to print a single edition, which would produce a papers nearly fifty miles high.

early hour on Sunday morning of the D. W. Pershing Co., at New was entered by thieves, ried away a wagonload of clothing ir valuable goods. The thieves ed in getting away with all their leaving not the slightest clew to dentity. The loss is estimated at 0.

English gardner says: It may not ally known that if leaves or litter ed on the tops of horseradish crown so thick, the plants go through the course of the summer, making ble roots the thickness of one's which are as tender as spring radish preferred to the tough, stringy usually get.

Workmen in a limestone quarry Surface miles from Altoona blasted entrance to a large natural cave, stream squeezed through the small and brought out beautiful speci- stalactites. The cave is 14 feet and has other caves leading out of entrance will be blasted wider more explored.

following passenger, baggage and and freight agents have been ap- of the Cambria & Clearfield divis- ad: E. R. W. H. Lingenfelter ent, vice Levi G. Gorsuch, trans- Marvin H. Burget, at Ashville, W. H. Lingenfelter, transferred; H. Kirby, passenger and first-class Raynor, vice F. L. Smith, trans-

freight wreck occurred at South Tuesday night, which resulted in the up of a number of freight cars. eight trains, one east and the other ped, ran together at South Fork. ines came together with such force the engine of one of the trains was from the track and ten cars smash- ines and the contents were scatter- the tracks.

ntain pens are rather older than people imagine. As long as 1824 they use, for in that year Thomas Jeffer- a contrivance of this sort, tried it, wrote to General Bernard Peyton, mond, Va., asking him to get one . The pen was of gold and the ink f silver, and, according to Jeffer- letter, the maker was a Richmond engraver, named Cowan.

e editor of the *Gosling* in mention- Stineman-Keese bill, which makes ary of the county treasurer $4,000 ar and which, with the other per- of the office would give that offi- $4,000 per annum for his ser- says: "That is about the amount he receive." But then it makes so difference to a forty-center that he is not greatly interested.

big freight smash-up occured on the sylvania Railroad at Tyrone Forges Monday evening. The breaking of a ge pin was the cause of a dongola jumping the track. Twenty-six y-loaded cars were caught. The of them were thrown into one mass- ap and the remainder thrown over enty-five-foot embankment. No was hurt. Every car was filled to most capacity, and the loss to the Com- will be fully $50,000.

—Mr. Carl Rivinius, Ebensburg's well-known and reliable jeweler, has a new "ad" in this issue of the FREEMAN. Anything purchased at his establishment can be relied upon as being just as represented.

—Mr. George Gramlings, of Adams township, has sold his property, consisting of a fine farm, with good residence and grist and saw mills thereon, to the South Fork Water Company. Mr. Gramling purpurposes moving to Johnstown in the near future, if he can find a suitable home several of his children living here.

—Helms' Mines, at Osceola Mills, Clearfield county, at which the miners have been idle for some time past, owing to their refusal to work at reduction, resumed operations last week at the district price of forty-five cents a ton. The opinion is now entertained that all danger of a strike or suspension is over for the present.

—A Hollidaysburg dispatch of Monday says: Efforts are being made to form a pool between the Altoona Iron company, the Portage Iron company, of Duncansville; the Hollidaysburg Iron and Nail company, and the Eleanor Iron company, the four leading concerns in Blair county, for the manufacture of mill iron. The Cambria Iron company's furnace at Gaysport, may be operated by the joint interests.

—Two respectable-appearing ladies, named Mrs. M. A. Allen and daughter Mary, applied at the Mayor's office in Altoona one day last week for transportato Pittsburg. They had walked all the way from McVeytown and were almost exhausted. The ladies refused all offers of of money, but were overjoyed on being given charity transportation to Pittsburg. Mrs. Allen is the granddaughter of John McVey, the founder of McVeytown. She and her daughter are on their way to Iowa, where they have relatives.

—Crippled engines are accumulating in the Altoona yards very fast, and unless the conditions of business will soon justify the work of pushing repairs on motive power the company will be in need of room at Altoona. Hundreds of locomotives needing only slight repairs are standing on the tracks among many others that are out of date and beyond the limit of usefulness and awaiting the orders to be scrapped. At one place in the Altoona yards over 150 engine tanks are standing, many of them needing only slight repairs.

—One of the largest game preserves in the United States will shortly be located in this commonwealth. It will contain twenty thousand acres and will be owned by New York and Pennsylvania sportsmen. The tract embraces the eastern section of Centre county and part of Clearfield. The preserve is the best in the state and game of all kinds thrive on it. It is proposed to stock it with wood cock, quail, grouse, and imported French and English game birds. Thousands of redleg French partridges are to be put in the preserve.

—Rev. Paul Glasow, pastor of the German Lutheran church in Johnstown, died Thursday night of last week, at his home in that city, from congestion of the lungs. He preached in his church Wednesday evening, but was at that time a very sick man, and was seized with a violent fit of coughing when he finished. Rev. Glasow was born in Stettein, Prussia, forty-five years ago and came to this country fifteen years ago. He was married to Miss Johanna Lorentz in Johnstown in 1880 by Rev. J. Mueller, of Altoona. His wife survives him.

—Sarah A., wife of Mr. Isaac Michaels, died at her home in Beisano on Saturday morning, aged 67 years. Mrs. Michaels, whose maiden name was Strong, was born in Bullington township, Indiana county, Pa., and was married to Mr. Michaels in 1858. She is survived by her husband, three daughters namely; Rosie J., wife of Howard Rowland, of Blacklick township; Ettie Mardella, wife of Henry Goldburg, of Belsano, and Flora Bell, who is single and at home, and one son, George A., of Belsano. Her remains were interred in M. E. cemetery at Belsano, on Sunday afternoon.

—A dispatch from Greensburg, dated April 9, says: "The contract for the grading of 30 miles of the new Beech Creek Railroad, in Indiana county, was awarded yesterday. The road has already been built to Glen Campbell, and several routes have been surveyed from Saltsburg to Pittsburg, but none, as yet, has been agreed on. It is more than probable, however, that the one leading from Saltsburg to Latrobe will be selected thence connecting with the P. & L. E. near West Newton. The Murrysville route, it is thought, will be abandoned, as the main object seems to be cut through the coke regions between Latrobe and West Newton."

—Andrew Carnegie has given five acres of land on the Summit, this county, for a cemetery. The land lies along the Old Portage railroad, adjoining the Union cemetery. Through the activity of Rev. Gemmill, of the Cresson Presbyterian church, a corporation his been formed known as the Cresson Cemetery association, with Dr. Robert Devereaux as president; Richard Myers as secretary, and the following board of trustees: Dr. Devereaux, A. J. Thompson, Henry Taylor, G. S. Mitchell, and William Allison. The new cemetery is beautifully located on the highest point of the mountains. All money received from the sale of lots or otherwise is to be expended in beautifying and improving the cemetery.

—The strike which has been in progress for severja weeks at the mine of the clearfield Bituminous Coal corporation has been settled, the company agreeing to pay the price demanded, 22½ cents per ton for loading coal after the mining machines. The strike at Anneston mine at Barnesboro has also been declared off on account of the company agreeing to pay 45 cents per gross ton for mining. The Hastings miners were also successful in their efforts against the day system, and the miners are again at work at the old rate per ton. Notwithstanding the exciting rumors sent out by persons and papers seeking to create a sensation, there was comparatively little excitement or disorder.—*Spangler Sentinel.*

—Oliver W. Henry, died at the Dietz Hotel, in Lock Haven, Pa., at 6:35 on Wednesday morning aged about 28 years. The deceased was born in Ebensburg, and was a son of the late Hon. Samuel Henry, who represented Cambria county in the legislature in the sessions of 1871-2-3. After the death of Mr. Henry the family removed to Tyrone, and afterward to Williamsport, where Mrs. Henry now resides. Ollie, as he was familiarly known remained at Tyrone, employed at the store of George B. Reed, and afterward entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad. At the time of his death he was baggage master on the Tyrone division and was taken ill with heart disease at Lock Haven, a couple of weeks ago. He is survived by his mother, three sisters and one brother. He was a nephew of Messrs. M. D. Kittell Esq., and Edward Kittell, and Mrs. Maud Collins, of this place, and of Rev. Father Kittell, of Loretto and Rev. Father Kittell, of Pittsburg.

New and Popular March.

"Knights of Columbus" march two-step, by George H. Fisher, is an excellent piece for the pianoforte. It is written in six-eight time, and contains a melody that is attractive and pleasing to the ear. It has also the right swing for the two-step dance. Published by J. Fische & Bro., No. 7 Bible house, New York. Price 50 cents.

Obituary.

RYAN.—Died at his residence in Clearfield township, on Tuesday, April 6th, 1897, David Ryan, aged 83 years.

The deceased was born in Indiana county, on the 20th of August, 1815, but the greater part of his life was spent in Cambria county. In 1838 he settled in White White township, from which he removed to Chest township. In 1867 he moved to Clearfield township, where he resided up to the time of his death. Deceased was well and favorably known to a large circle of friends and acquaintances, to whom he was a true friend in the broadest sense of the word. Of a large family, but two sons, Silas A. of St. Augustine, and D. C. of Pitcairn, Allegheny county, Pa., survive him and mourn his loss. His bereaved survivors have the sympathy of all. May he rest in peace. H.

DUMM.—Annie Gertrude, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Dumm, of Barr township, died at the home of her parents on Saturday morning, April 10th, 1897, aged 12 years and 21 days.

Her death was caused by spasms and the grip, she having been a sufferer from the former for the past ten years. Besides her parents she is survived by three three brothers and nine sisters. After a High mass for the repose of her soul, her remains were interred in the cemetery at St. Nicholas on Monday at 10 o'clock.

Reduced Rates to New York.

For the dedication of the Grant Monumental Tomb, April 27, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to New York to the general public from all points on its line, exclusive of Pittsburg and Erie proper, on April 26, and and from Altoona and Williamsport and intermediate points, and stations on other divisions within one hundred and fifty miles of New York, on April 26, and for trains reaching New York before noon on April 27, at rate of single fare for the round trip (no less rate than $1.00,) good to return until April 29, inclusive. Tickets for military and other organizations in uniform, numbering twenty-five or more, traveling in a body on one ticket, will be sold on same dates, from points not less than twenty-five miles from New York, at further reduction. For specific rates apply to ticket agents.

The parade on this occasion will be the grandest military demonstration since the war. Thousands of veterans, United States regulars, and state militiamen will be in line.

Despise Not the Hen.

The Pittsburg *Times* philosopher makes this note about the hen and its work:

According to the estimate based on the last census and on careful independent investigation, the hen of the United states produces no less than 1,141,000,000 dozens of eggs per year, and her total contribution to the wealth of the nation in 12 months amounts to $343,000,000. That means over $7 for every man, woman and child in the nation, and over $30 for every family. It will thus be seen that the hen, who is now so busily laying the foundations for Easter indigestion, is a very important figure in the commercial activity of the country, and that her departure from her sphere of activity would cause an aching void that would be hard to fill. Just now, perhaps, owing to the early development of spring, the hen is somewhat overingdoing the egg industry, which, while it is beneficial to the consumers is not encouraging to the owners of hens.

The Whole Big Show.

Mr. A. J. Bailey and the Sells Brothers have provided themselves the kind of men that never do anything by halves, consequently the complete great Adam Forepaugh and Sells Brothers' consolidated shows will be here—every animal, every act every rare feature, and every unique and exclusive attraction. As a matter of sound business policy, as well as of common justice, our people are entitled to just as much for their money as those of any other locality, and they will get it. All silly or false rumors to the contrary, it may be stated right here that no tented show was ever divided, or ever will or can be. It is simply a preposterous and physical impossibility. The great amusement enterprise will, therefore, be in Johnstown on Thursday, April 22d, and in Altoona on Friday, April 23d, just as advertised.

How to Tell Fresh Eggs.

A correspondent of the *Dakota Farmer* asks, "Is there any sure way of distinguishing perfectly fresh eggs from tainted ones, or those that have been set upon by hens for several days? Candling is quite a sure method, but if there is a way I should like to know it." The following reply is given: "To the experienced eye, the roughish, or granulated, surface of the perfectly fresh egg distinguishes it at once from the more shiny or polished surface of the egg that has been under the hen a day or two. We can pick out every fresh egg among a nestful of those that have been sat on for two days, even in the dark The secret is very simple. Just scratch over the surface with the finger nail; if it grates, the egg is fresh, but if the nail slides smoothly the egg is old. A little practice makes this a sure test."

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, April 8 1897:

Gust Jackson and Annie Swanson, Patton.

Charles F. Blough, Richland township, and Mary Ann Holsinger, Scalp Level, Somerset county, Pa.

Arthur Walker Mattie Holferty, Johnstown.

Harry F. Brewer and Jessie F. Crouse, South Fork.

William J. Humphreys, Cambria township and Ella Pringle Summerhill township.

Agnes W. Hoffman, Biffing towhship, Indiana county, Pa., and Alice May Strausbaugh, Belsano.

Winfield Scott Dougherty, New Florence, and Elizabeth Davis, New Florence.

John Basishta and Vilina Babuscsak, Johnstown.

Owen J. Jones, Summerhill township, and Margaret Davis, Cambria township.

Owen D. Sheridan and Mary Ann Leat, Washington township.

Charles E. Hill, Pine township, Indiana county, Pa., and Lucy Pearl Jones, Blacklick township.

—The great picturesque pass where the Conemaugh cuts its way through the famous Laurel ridge is now the objective point of the new railroads that are endeavoring to reach Pittsburg from the East, says the Pittsburg *Post*. The famous Pack Saddle gorge has been invaded by a rival line, and all along the steep mountain side from a point east of Blairsville intersection to Bolivar hundreds of men are at work grading a roadbed for a new line which will be 80 feet higher than the West Penn. Bolivar extension, and 40 feet higher than the main line of the Pennsylvania on the opposite side of the historic Conemaugh. The Pittsburg & Eastern and other connections of the Beech Creek, which is really a Vanderbilt project, are heading toward Pittsburg, and the Pack Saddle pass appears to be the only way to cross the great ridge on the western slope of the Allegheny mountains. The Pennsylvania main line on one side and its West Penn extension on the other were thought to be barriers against the passage of any other rival lines, but the new road is being graded far up on the steep and rugged slope where no embargo can be placed in its way by the Pennsy.

—Mr. John McCormick, of Wilmore, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Monday.

Communication.

Lilly, Pa., April 13, 1897.

ED. FREEMAN:—We venture to clip a few paragraphs for the FREEMAN:

The railroad company has a large force of men working west of town on the new road bed.

Simon Conrad is making extensive improvements around his cozy residence.

Miss Valeacia McIntosh has closed her school after a very successful term of six months, and has gone to Blair county to visit her numerous friends where she has taught school several terms successfully.

The veterans of the G. A. R. are making elaborate preparations for the celebration of Memorial Day in a a patriotic manner.

Mr. John Brown, of Cresson, was circulating among his friends. The sheriff bee is buzzing in his bonnet and we hope John will be put on the slate at least.

Our borough auditors meet on Monday night. We trust the FREEMAN will strike the balance sheet next week. One month late, of course, but still a sprig of the commonwealth. If our ordinance does conflict 30 days it is not much.

Charles F. Halley has opened a new general store and floats his banner to the breeze. We hope Charles will reach the goal of mercantile prosperity and the surest way to do this is to put his ad. in the FREEMAN.

Col. S. W. Davis was a visitor to town on Saturday and we think Polly-was-ticking.

Humane Agent DeWitt, of Johnstown, paid us a visit to-day. We say to evil tortuers of animals to keep a tight line on the side of humanity.

Police Sharrete has made frequent visits to town of late—do not trespass on the railroad, the way of the transgressors is hard, indeed, besides the jeopardy to life and limb.

Policeman Baily has a couple canaries in his cage and to say the least they are Jennie Linds.

The Lilly Cornet band has been reorganized and is now in full blast and we trust the boys will receive substantial aid, financially and otherwise.

Street Commissioner Drinnen has a large corps on the streets and we trust the good work will go on. Taxation without remuneration is a hard obligation to discharge. Good streets, good order and entrenchment should be our motto.

Thomas P. Leap was chosen borough treasurer and his bond was approved by council and mayor last night.

Our friend John Robine, who was confined to his home by sickness the greater part of the winter, we are glad to state is able to be out.

Capt. John Kelly, the railroad veteran of 42 years service, is still confined to his room.

Mr. Daniel Laughman, of Altoona, was a visitor to town on Monday. He is now the pioneer coal man of this region.

The venerable Gallitzin Christy, of the town of the very same name, paid this place a visit on Monday and is looking hale and hearty.

H. H. Myers, Esq., paid us a business visit on Mnoday.

Your scribe is in possession of a work on practical land surveying once owned and used by Michael Dan Magehan and values it very highly and haying some field notes made in the early forties.

We have 28 places of business great and small if they don't advertise in the FREMAN they will go to the wall. Jingo.

Real Estate Transfers.

Patrick Leahey et ux. to Frank McCord, Lilly; consideration, $650

Jacob Zimmerman to Jacob J. Lehman, Johnstown, $30.

Jacob J. Lehman et ux. to Henry W. Lehman, Johnstown.

Peter Collins, by the sheriff, to John G. Miles, Washington, $621.

Mary I. Lilly et al to W. W. Amsbry, Munster, 1,426.

Eliza Jane Durbin et al. to W. W. Amsbry, Munster, $747.

Equitable Loan & Building Association to Frank Detrick, Carroll, $20.

Benjamin F. Byers et ux. to Paul Wirful, Summerhill borough, $100.

Margaret Scherer to Charles Diell Jackson, $1,500.

Frank X. Brandle et ux, to People's Building & Loan Association, Johnstown, $1.

Mountain Coal Company to Mrs. M. C. Dimond, Dunlo.

James Mageehan et ux. to Launting Gutwalt, Allegheny $7.

Christ Beaver et ux. to Launting Gutwalt, Allegheny, $79.

Assignee of John A. Blair et ux to William S. Stephens, Ebensburg, $1,500.

Citzens' Cemetery Association to Harvey G. Barclay et al., Grand View, $113

Patrick F. Toole et ux. et al, to Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Portage borough, $401.

Administrator of Mary Mullen et vir to Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Johnstown, $800.

John H. Good et ux, et al. to George R. Good, Jackson, $2,500.

George R. Good et ux. to George W. Gillen, Jackson, $1,268.

Jacob C. Good et ux. to George W. Gillen, Jackson, $417.

Frank W. Muller et ux. to Alonzo McAllister, Johnstown, $5,500.

John T. Lewis et ux. to Albert A. Longaker, Johnstown, $750.

Excelsior Building & Loan Association to Mrs. John C. Feight, Ashville, $25.

Vullara Lechne to Katharine Lechene, Chest, $150.

Patrick Leahey et ux. to Daniel Leahey, Washington, $2,000.

Patrick Leahey et ux. to Daniel Leahey, Portage towaship, $320.

Mary Lieb et al., to Michael J. Luther et al, Carrolltown, $800.

William J. Donnelly & Co., to Swanson Swanson Carroll, $600.

Abraham Keirn by the Sheriff to A. V. Barker, Susquehanna, $305.

A. V. Barker et ux. to Abraham Keirn, Susquehanna, $305.

Assignee of David G. Rees to Evan A. Lloyd, Johnstown, $250.

Cambria Iron Company to Sarah Hildebrand, Upper Yoder, $100.

Hibburt Brown et ux. to Amelia Emanuels, Reade, $100.

Lee Schonnan et al. to Patrick Savage, Johnstown, $50.

Christian Ream et vir to Austin L. Lape Roxbury, $550

Citizens' Cemetery Association to Mrs. Mary Retallack, Grandview, $20.

James B. Young, by the treasurer, to J. G. Lloyd et al., Cambria, $7.

J. C. Luke et ux. to Woodson W. Davis, South Fork, $600.

Joshua Kauffman et ux. to David Varnor, Croyle, $90.

Daniel S. McAnulty et ux. to Paul Dockell, Barnesboro, $75.

Thomas W. Engle et ux. to Rachel Engle et al., Spangler.

John B. Overberger et ux. to William Cramer, Carroll, $50.

Al'oona is Selected.

The committee on location of the State Agricultural society met at the office of the society at York, Pa. and decided to hold the next state fair at Altoona. Altoona will furnish the funds for the erection of the buildings. An unusual number of applications for space has been received from exhibitors. The committee on location arrived at Altoona on Monday and Representatives of the Driving Park association and signed the papers. The fair will consume the entire week, commencing on Monday, Septemcer 6. The work of improving the race track and grounds and erecting the necessary buildings will soon begin.

Miscellaneous Notices.

WANTED—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch22

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch29tf.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the Rey Building, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in April, $2,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, President.
LESTER LAKIMER, Secretary.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and espectally the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McKreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon. Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct1ltf

BUILD A STORM CAVE

A financial one—out of the little savings—one that will help you resist the next financial storm. Watch every item in your purchasing—save a little here and there—each day—each week—build it snug and tight.

We Can Help You
The Proof Is In Our Store.

New Clothing Ideas.

An April Leader:—Men's Round Cut Sacks, strictly all wool worsted, in rich dark blue or black, coat lined with elegant serge, a perfectly satisfactory, dressy suit, splendidly made, everything about the suit just right, an especial value at the price we name $7.00.

A Swell Suit:—Round or Square Sack, excellent quality, of material, all wool, or your money back, all the new colorings now so fashionable, indistinct plaids, elegantly tailored, sewed with best silk thread, good enough to wear anywhere, price, $7.00, $8.50, and $9.50.

Special Spring Values in Men's working Goods. The Famous make, MONTAQUE, and that means the BEST made, comfortably fitting and strongly-wearing. Every item worth its price, too. Good Overalls, strongly sewed, 50 cents. Working jackets 50 cents. Good working pants, guaranteed not to rip, plenty of wear in them, too, well shaped at 90 cents. Men's heavy cotton hose, solid, per pair 5 cents. Every item in our Men's Working Good is the best, every price of the lowest.

J. B. Wilbur & Son.

JOS. HORNE & CO.

A Good Book For One Cent.

Send us a postal card with your name and address on it, and a request for our Spring Catalogue, and you will receive about April 10th a book which will interest you highly, and save you money. If you are not already one of our mail order customers, we wish you to learn all about our Mail Order System, and find out for yourself how much better goods you can get, by dealing with us.

We are the largest store between New York and Chicago, and still growing. We take second place to no establishment in this country in value giving. Try us the next time you want anything and see if we are telling the truth. Send for samples of anything you want for Spring Costume, ask for our Catalogue, and mention where you saw this advertisement.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Irvin; deceased.
Letters Testmentary upon the estate of John Irvin, deceased late of Carwensville Clearfield county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
THE PROVIDENT LIFE & TRUST COMPANY, Executor, 4th & Chestnut Sts., Phila., Pa.
S. V. WILSON, Attorney, Clearfield, Pa.
April 30 1897, 6t.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Frank P. Mover, late of Cresson township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated to
JANE F. MOYER, administratrix's.
THOMAS J. IRELL, Attorney. Cresson, Pa.
Johnstown, Pa., April 30 1897. 6t.

FOR PROPOSALS.

Sealed proposals will be received up to 24th, for plastering the St. Nicholas church. Plans and specifications can be seen at Rev. Rupert Tragasser, Nicktown, Pa. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm (large profits, quick sales). SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Geo. A. [illegible], 849 Broadway, N. Y.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

DEALER IN

STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES,

Roofing and Spouting.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

Tread Powers, Threshers and Separators, Iron and Wood Pumps, Fence Wire, Etc., Etc.,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 16, 1896.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 23 a m
Main Line Express, daily	10 59 a m
Altoona Accom., week days	1 00 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	1 07 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 11 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 37 a m
Way Passenger, daily	2 09 p m
Mail Train, daily	3 35 p m
Pittsburg Express, daily	3 58 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 28 p. m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 34 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From Hastings and the North	7 56 a m
From Cresson	10 03 a m
From Vintondale	2 35 p m
From Cresson	5 05 p m
From Cresson	5 56 p m
From Vintondale	7 20 p m
From Cresson	9 10 p m

TRAINS LEAVE.

For Cresson	7 39 a m
For Hastings and the North	10 03 a m
For Vintondale	10 15 a m
For Cresson	2 35 p m
For Vintondale	5 05 p m
For Hastings and the north	7 39 p m
For Cresson	7 20 p m

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 1.20 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 3.25 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.35 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 11.40 a m. and 6.50 p. m.

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18.89ly.

1794. 1897.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.
COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794.
Ebensburg, Jul 21, 1887.

NOTICE

Hunting and fishing and all manner of trespassing without permission, strictly forbidden on the premises of the undersigned citizens of Allegheny and Carroll townships, after date of this notice. Any person violating this notice will be dealt with according to law.
(Signed) E. F. McConnell, Mathias Strawmire Valentine Bishop, A. L. Buck, Wm. N. Miller, Henry J. Link, C. Cresswell, J. W. Sceenk, D. W. McConnell, Joseph Adams, H. J. Eckenrode, Frank Dishart, J. Barnett, Henry N. Schenk, Lawrence Kosmus, Peter Maloy Vincent Maloy Joseph Maloy, Thos. McCullough Mathias Schenk, Henry Cooper, Philip Gray, William Dodson, Peter J. McKenzie, Charlotte Watt, John Conrad, Ellen Schenk.
April 9 1897, 3t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Solomon Dumm late of Barr township, Cambria county deceased, have been granted by the Register of Wills to the undersigned. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.
HENRY DUMM,
Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Solomon Dumm, deceased.
Nicktown, Pa., March 11, 1897. 19 6t. X.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Nagle, deceased,
Letters testamentary in the estate of John Nagle, deceased, late of the township of Clearfield, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay and those making claims against the said estate, will present them properly authenticated for settlement
FRANK NAGLE,
Executor.
St. Augustine, Pa., March 15, 1897 19 6t. X.

TO MAKE MONEY

and enjoy it, one must first have good health.

LAXA TEA

cleanses the system, aids digestion, cures constipation and sick headache. Pleasant to take, does not gripe. For sale by all your druggists, 10c and 25c. Samples free. Manufactured by THE JOHN H. HULL CO., Warren, Pa.. 3 12 97

WANTED SOLICITORS FIRST-CLASS, to handle the Official Directory and Reference Book of the World's Columbian Exposition, profusely illustrated, handsomely bound, sells at popular price, pays good commissions. Everybody needs it just at this time, and will buy it. Exclusive territory given. Send for handsome descriptive circular. W. S. CONKEY CO. Publishers. Chicago. Ill.

THE FREEMAN and the Semi-Weekly Pittsburg Post at only $2.00 a year. All the news.

BARGAINS FOR CASH

In order to get rid of our stock of goods a little faster, we have decided to offer for CASH some decided bargains the next two weeks, and on our line of SHOES, CLOTHING, HATS, SHIRTS and UNDERWEAR we will allow you to make your selection at one-fourth off from regular prices.

We reserve will nothing in these lines mentioned, and only do this in order to get rid of as many goods as possible before we move into our new store room. These goods are all desirable goods and old stock as you may suppose. Remember we give you one-fourth off from our regular prices on the goods mentioned.

In addition to these Bargains we are keeping up our Bargain Counters. Have just added a New 10c. Counter with lots of Bargains on it. You will do well to examine these goods as you can save money by buying these goods now, even if you should not need them at present. We are keeping up a good stock of Groceries, Flour, Feed, Seeds, &c., which we are selling at lowest prices. Call and see us.

Barker Bros.

The WEDDING CEREMONY

is by far the most important event of your life, but it is soon over and it wi l take something more substantial to remind you of it ever after.

This is the Wedding Ring of which I have a good stock on hand to select from as a first step. After that you can cement your happiness of married life by adding from time to time a nice Set Ring or any other nice piece of Jewelry you may think of. My stock is always complete in everything in that line from a Silver Thimble to a Diamond Ring. You are invited to call and examine my stock.

CARL RIVINIUS.

Spring Announcement!

We can now show you the best assortment of Fine Spring Clothing in Cambria county and at prices that will surprise you. Men's all-wool Suits from $5 up. Children's all-wool Suits from $1 to $5. No matter whether you are lean or fat, short or tall, we can fit you Our increasing business compelled us to enlarge our room and we have also increased our stock. We can now show you a much larger assortment of fine goods than ever before. Our this season's Clothing has been made especially for us and is equal to any merchant tailor's make. Our Gents' Furnishing Stock was never so complete. We also carry the best line of Shoes in Cambria county. A visit to our store will convince you that the best place in the county to buy well-made, nice fitting Clothing, Gents' Furnishings and Shoes is with us.

C. A. SHARBAUGH,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE

of Furs, Capes and Jackets, Winter Dress Goods and Woolen Underwear at **QUINN'S, 134 and 136 Clinton St., Johnstown.** Fur Capes sold at half cost. New Spring Dress Goods arriving every day.

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed

H. E. BENDER,
Formerly of Carrolltown.

5.9531

LIKE ANDREW JACKSON

Bryan the Guest of National Democrats at a Banquet.

HIS RESPONSE TO A TOAST.

The Noted Ex-President Once a Guest of Honor at a Jefferson Banquet at the Same Hotel Where the Nebraskan Was Entertained.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The one-hundred and fifty-fourth anniversary of Jefferson's birthday was celebrated last night at the Metropolitan hotel by a subscription dinner given under the auspices of the National Association of Democratic Clubs. The first celebration of the anniversary of Jefferson's birth occurred at the same hostelry, then known as the Indian Queen. Jackson was the guest of honor and the occasion was made memorable by the presence of Vice President John C. Calhoun and other Democratic leaders of that day. Last night William J. Bryan of Nebraska, the late Democratic candidate for president, was the guest of honor. Congressman McMillin was toastmaster.

The order of the set toasts was as follows:

"Thomas Jefferson: We celebrate the anniversary of his birth, not in the spirit of personal idolatry, but from regard and reverence for his political principles," William J. Bryan of Nebraska.

"The diffusion of information and arraignment of all abuses at the bar of public reason" (from Jerson's inaugural address), James K. Jones of Arkansas.

"Equal and exact justice to all men of whatever state or persuasion, religious or political," Richard P. Bland of Missouri.

"The declaration of independence: An enduring monument of that devotion of liberty and abhorrance of tyranny which stamp the character and marks the whole course of the life of its author," Joseph C. Sibley of Pennsylvania.

"Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none" (from the same address), John J. Lentz of Ohio.

"An aristocracy of wealth is of more harm and danger than benefit to society" (Jefferson's), Andrew J. Lipscomb of Virginia.

"A jealous care of the right of elections by the people; a mild and safe corrective of those abuses which are lopped by the sword of revolution in countries where peaceable remedies are unprovided" (from Jefferson's inaugural address), William Sulzer of New York.

Mr. Bryan said in part:

"The Democratic party is strong just in proportion as it proves true to the teachings of its great founder. It is the mission of the Democratic party to crystalize into legislation the principles which he taught.

"The party applies Democratic principles to the issues which arise from time to time. For many years the tariff question was the paramount issue and the party took a more advanced position each year until 1892, when it declared itself in favor of a policy which meant substantially a tariff for revenue only. But the president elected at that time, instead of proceeding to carry out that portion of the platform, forced upon public attention an issue which had up to that time been considered secondary.

"Mr. Cleveland, more than any other one person in this nation, is responsible for the prominent position which the money question now occupies. It was his determination to complete the demonetization of silver and make the gold standard perpetual that aroused the masses of the United States to active resistance. The struggle for supremacy between the gold standard and bimetallism was recognized as a contest between the money power and the common people.

"The explicit declaration in favor of free and unlimited coinage at 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation was made necessary by the attempt of certain public men to evade preceding platforms. The party struggle which culminated in the Chicago convention of necessity alienated a portion of the party.

"The party was placed in the position where it was compelled to endorse the financial policy of the president or adhere to the doctrines and traditions of the party. The position taken by the Democratic party in 1896 will not be surrendered. If you doubt the permanency of the Chicago platform as a party creed, go among the rank and file of the party and measure the zeal and enthusiasm which that platform has aroused, and you will realize the impossibility of taking a backward step.

"True, the present administration is seeking to turn public attention to the tariff question, but if our reasoning is well founded, an increase of taxes cannot restore prosperity to the producers of wealth. If the Dingley bill brings general and permanent prosperity the Democratic party will not be in a position to win a contest by opposing it. If, on the other hand, the Dingley bill proves a disappointment to those who advocate it, our position of 1896 will be strengthened and public attention will be riveted upon the fact that the cause of financial depression is to be found in our monetary system.

"There is much in recent events to encourage the followers of Thomas Jefferson. The spring elections indicate a growing sentiment along the lines of the Chicago platform. In fact the elections which have taken place show so great a gain that the Republican party may now be considered a minority party. It has but one hope of escape from the wrath to come, and that is to secure bimetallism by international agreement before the people of the nation have another opportunity to speak at the polls.

"While we who believe in independent bimetallism generally regard an international agreement as neither necessary nor possible, we may well hope for success to any who may make the attempt to secure foreign assistance. If our opponents succeed in opening the mints of other nations, as well as their own mints, we shall rejoice, because the condition of the people will be improved and they will be able to proceed with other remedial legislation.

"If, however, the Republican party, after pledging itself to secure international bimetallism, finds it impossible to fulfill that pledge, its expressed preference for a double standard will rise up to condemn it if it attempts to continue longer the evils of the gold standard."

HUNTER LIABLE TO WIN.

The Gold Democrats Decide to Break No More Quorums.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 14.—The gold Democrats in caucus have decided to break no more quorums in the balloting for United States senator. They admit that Hunter is liable to be elected now, but they say that the Blackburn men who refuse to support Martin will be responsible for the result.

If Hunter is not elected after a few trials they will demand that he retire. They are determined that if they cannot elect a gold Democrat they will help elect a gold Republican.

The grand jury is not ready to report.

Died For Killing His Mistress.

JERSEY CITY, April 14.—Paul Genz has been hanged here. Paul *Genz* killed his mistress, *Clara Arnim*, in Hoboken, Aug. *28, 1894.*

Passed Over a Veto.

ALBANY, April 14.—The greater New York charter bill has passed the senate over Mayor Strong's veto by a vote of *34 to 10.*

NEW CAPITOL BILL PASSED.

It Now Goes to the Governor to Be Signed—Other Business.

HARRISBURG, April 14.—The Walton capitol bill passed finally in the house by a vote of 149 to 39. The measure now goes to the governor for his signature.

These bills also passed finally: Amending the act of May 8, 1851, to allow school directors or controllers to levy a special tax not exceeding the amount of the annual tax and not oftener than once a year, to be applied for the purchase of grounds, the erection and furnishing of buildings and expenses of the school districts; requiring street railways to enclose the front and rear platforms of their cars during the winter months; the Focht amendment to the act of May 18, 1893, requiring school directors or controllers to allow the school children to have the use of the books furnished them by the board any time during vacation between regular school terms and providing that the teacher of each school shall possess a valid certificate issued by the superintendent of public schools.

Mr. Tillbrook called up the postponed house bill repealing the prohibitory law in the borough of Rankin. The bill went through finally by a vote of 105 to 63. This is the first measure of this kind passed this session.

A communication was received from the governor, giving notice of his approval of a bill appropriating $73,000 to the trustees of the Pennsylvania Home for Feeble Minded Children at Polk, Venango county.

Mr. Woodruff of Pennsylvania presented a petition from the Philadelphia Labor League indorsing the civil service bill.

Lieutenant Governor Lyon called the senate to order, and it was only a few minutes until there was a lively debate and many charges of insincerity in relation to the bill providing for interest on state funds. Senator Kaufmann started the ball rolling by moving that the finance committee be discharged from further consideration of the Kaufmann bill providing for interest on state funds.

Mr. Grady, chairman of the committee, asked Mr. Kaufmann to withdraw the motion. He said that the the committee had reported out another bill that covered the ground, and that there was no intention to smother the bill. Considerable debate followed.

The motion of Mr. Kaufmann did not prevail. The calendar was then taken up, and one of the first bills taken up and passed was the bill which prohibits the payment of poll tax by any person or committee except on a written order.

Mr. Brown of Westmoreland asked Mr. Gobin if under the bill a candidate or committee could get a number of orders from people and pay their taxes. Mr. Gobin answered in the affirmative. Mr. Brown said the bill was not of much use then if committees could pay taxes on orders. Mr. Gobin said that Mr. Brown should not expect too much at one dose.

The bill passed third reading.

NO DESIGNS ON HAWAII.

Japan Explains the Sending of a War-ship to Honolulu.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Japanese legation has received telegraphic advices from official sources in relation to the recent deportation from the Hawaiian Islands of a number of Japanese immigrants, which do not agree entirely in all details with the accounts already published in this country.

It appears, according to these, advices, that out of 668 Japanese passengers brought to Honolulu by the steamer Shinshin-Maru, 302 voluntary passengers and 146 contract laborers were sent back to Japan. The Hawaiian authorities refused to allow these people to land on the ground that the voluntary passengers were not possessed of $50 in gold each, as provided in the landing law; and because the contract laborers had not complied with the provisions of the landing law in securing previous approval of their contracts.

The passengers thereupon petitioned the supreme court to set aside the decision of the collector general of customs forbidding them to land, but the court rejected the petition on the ground that the decision of the collector general regarding the landing of aliens was final, and that Japanese not yet landed in the islands had no right to petition.

The Japanese consul general protested against this action on the ground that the exclusion of the voluntary emigrants was in violation of treaty rights, whatever might be the case regarding the laborers and their alleged failure to secure previous approval of their contracts. He himself had personally examined into the facts regarding the voluntary emigrants, and had found that they were all in bonafide possession of the amount of money required by law in such cases. So far as they at least were concerned the decision of the collector general appeared to be in violation both of the law and of the facts.

While it is true that one, not two Japanese men-of-war, as stated in press dispatches, had been sent to Hawaii, officials of the Japanese legation state positively that this action has not been taken for the purpose of menacing the Hawaiian government, but simply to preserve order among the Japanese resident in the island who might possibly become excited by what they regarded as a violation of the rights of their countrymen.

The Japanese government believes the difficulty is susceptible of settlement by diplomatic negotiations.

SEWALL IN THE WEST.

His Views on the Recent Election Results.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—Arthur Sewall, the Democratic candidate for vice president in the last campaign, has arrived from the east via the Isthmus of Panama: Mr. Sewall has been on the water for the past 30 days, and consequently is not familiar with the political happenings of that period. He said:

"I place no special significance upon the recent Democratic success in eastern cities. They were purely the result of local influence. The people of the east are inclined to give President McKinley and his administration a fair trial. Business is very much depressed there, and should it not improve I think the Democrats will present the same silver issue four years hence, and I have no doubt they will be successful. Of course everything will depend upon the financial condition of the country during the next four years. The people have been promised better times, and if they do not get them they will again demand a change of administration."

TAKING UP THE PASSES.

The Pennsylvania Determined to Stop the Loaning of Them.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—The Pennsylvania Railroad company has determined to break up the practice of transferring passes, whether they are for a single transportation or annual passes.

During the last month there have been a number of passes taken up by the different division conductors, and notwithstanding orders have been issued to those who were suspected, warning was not taken, and the consequence is they are now minus the courtesies of the Pennsylvania Railroad company. Whenever a pass is taken up the owner will be put on the blacklist and no further courtesies of this kind will be extended to him. The principal trouble is said to be caused by some of the representatives at Harrisburg, who, *it is alleged*, are constantly loaning their passes.

Will Recommend an Indemnity.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The president has decided to recommend to congress an appropriation for killing by a mob of an indemnity Italian citizans at Ha[illegible], La., Aug. 8 last.

LIKE THE COMMISSION.

Men of All Parties Commend McKinley's Choice.

STEVENSON ESPECIALLY PLEASING.

The President Wanted the Question Raised Above Politics—The Ex-Vice President Feels Greatly Honored—Senator Wolcott Expects Much Good.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The naming of three commissioners by President McKinley under the act of the last congress to promote bimetallism was the subject of considerable discussion about the capitol. Almost without exception the selections were commended. Senators, regardless of party, were pleased with the selection of ex-Vice President Stevenson. It appears that this selection was the president's own, no one appearing to urge his appointment.

The president desired a Democrat who stood high in his party and who was an earnest silver man. He sent for Mr. Stevenson and, after talking the subject over with him, decided to make him a member of the commission. President McKinley desired that the subject of international bimetallism should be lifted above party politics and that the men selected should be those who would work in harmony toward bringing about an agreement. It was also believed by the president that the name of Mr. Stevenson would give the commission great weight abroad.

Among the earnest advocates of the selection of Mr. Payne were Senators Hoar, Allison and Chandler, all of whom talked with the president on the subject and recommended him as a man who would materially aid the cause of bimetallism.

Senator Wolcott is very hopeful of success. He looks forward to hard work, but says from what he learned while abroad last year he is almost sanguine of results. Senator Wolcott believes in the selection of the commission, especially in naming Mr. Stevenson, a silver man and one who supported Mr. Bryan. President McKinley has convinced everybody that he is an earnest bimetallist. Bimetallism at home and abroad, he says, will be promoted by this selection.

Opposition to the scheme for international bimetallism has developed from an unexpected source. Morton Frewen of England, who has given a great deal of attention to the subject and who has visited this country several times in the interest of silver, is now opposing an international agreement, and declares that the money question is one which one nation must settle for itself. Mr. Frewen will oppose any agreement and use his influence against the new commission when it goes abroad.

Senator Wolcott said that the gold standard countries would oppose any further depreciation of silver and that efforts were now being made to prevent any further fall of silver in India; also that the demand for gold by Japan in establishing a gold standard would cause a drain of gold from Europe which would be resisted by gold countries. In the United States Senator Wolcott anticipates little opposition to bimetallism. What opposition Mr. Wolcott says there is comes from the German bankers of New York who are already fighting bimetallism and whose opposition the commission will meet when it goes to Europe.

BLOOMINGTON, Ills., April 14.—Ex-Vice President Stevenson said, when questioned about his appointment on the commission for the promotion of an international agreement: "I appreciate the compliment paid to me by the president and will cheerfully render what assistance I can to accomplish the object of the commission.

"I am a bimetallist. I regard the restoration of silver to its proper monfunction as the supreme question in our own country and throughout the world. The importance of the question cannot be overstated. In this country the increase in the volume of business is beyond computation. In the light of these facts the rehabilitation of silver is a prime necessity. Should its demonetization become the settled policy the evil days upon which we have fallen but dimly foreshadow consequences yet to come.

"Whatever our views may be as to the ability of our government to maintain the free and unlimited coinage of silver without the co-operation of the leading countries of Europe it may be safely assumed that every friend of silver in our country will welcome international bimetallism.

"As to the possibility of success of this commission, it is known that the trend of public sentiment in European countries, as well as our own, is undoubtedly favorable to bimetallism.

"Many of the publicists of England and Germany are in earnest accord with our government upon this question. Should public sentiment in those countries justify an international conference would undoubtedly be called and action taken that would be deemed proper."

THE SOUTHERN FLOOD.

A Heroic Struggle to Save the Louisiana Levees.

MEMPHIS, April 14.—The river continues to rise south of Vicksburg and the swift current is throwing the waters against the Louisiana levees with enormous force. A telegram from Tellelah, La., reported that the levee at Davis island, in Warren county, Miss., had broken, but the report was premature. The water is washing over the levee at that point, however, and a break may occur at any hour. Many people have left the city with their most valuable effects and stock.

Several weak spots have developed in the southern levee system and the people in that section are making a heroic struggle to save their farms and other property. The backwater in the flooded Mississippi delta is about stationary. The river at Memphis continues to fall slowly.

At Helena the river is declining at the rate of two-tenths of a foot daily. The refugees are flocking into Helena by every boat. Lieutenants A. S. Rowan and M. Crowley of the United States army and Captain Graham D. Fitch have arrived at Helena on the steamer Itasca. A conference between the officers and local relief committee was held.

The relief committee reported that 6,000 people were dependent upon aid. Three thousand dollars weekly was the sum decided upon to take care of these people. Lieutenants Rowan and Crowley later left Helena for Greenville and the White river to investigate the situation there.

GIGANTIC INSURANCE FRAUD.

A Pittsburg Banker Accused of Perpetrating the Swindle.

PITTSBURG, April 14. — C. Linford Woods of the banking firm of C. Linford Woods & Co., 925 Park building, is under arrest, accused of scheming to defraud eastern insurance companies to the tune of $400,000.

It is charged that in the neghborhood of 100 policies have been taken out on the lives of men, aged and decrepit in many cases; in others on men dying of consumption and all manner of diseases. Woods is said to have been beneficiary in most of the policies.

No Money For the Congress.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Much embarrassment to the postal authorities has been caused by the falure of congress to pass the asked for appropriation of $200,000 to defray the expenditures of the international postal congress to be held here next month.

Prominent Physician Dead.

MILWAUKEE, April 14.—Dr. William Fox, Milwaukee's most prominent physician, has died.

CHANDLER'S HEROIC REMEDY.

Introduces His Resolution to Seize the Armor Plants.

WASHINGTON, April 14. — Senator Chandler has introduced his bills empowering the secretary of the navy to take possession of the armor plants of the Bethlehem and the Carnegie companies. There are two of the bills, one applying to each of the institutions, the provisions being the same in both. Senator Chandler says that it is contemplated that only the Bethlehem works shall be taken, unless in case of necessity, when the Carnegie institution should also be seized. The principal section of the bill authorizes and directs the secretary of the navy forthwith to take possession of the land, buildings and machinery as constitute the armor-making plant of the two companies.

He is directed "to hold and use such land, buildings and machinery for a period of time sufficient to enable said secretary to manufacture at the works embraced by said plant such portion as he may see fit there to manufacture of the armor plate necessary for the completion of the battleships Alabama, Illinois and Wisconsin, now in process of construction for the United States, and thereafter to return the possession of said land, buildings and machinery to said Bethlehem Iron company, to be held by said company as its own property as if the taking hereby authorized had not been made; and the aforesaid taking, holding and using of said land, buildings and machinery by the said secretary of the navy for the purpose aforesaid, shall be deemed to be a taking thereof for the public use of the United States under an obligation to make just compensation therefor, in accordance with the fifth amendment to the constitution."

The bills provide for the adjudication of any claims that may arise against the government out of the transaction by the court of claims, whose judgment in the case is to be final. The award and allowance are to include sums "sufficient to equal the damage by the wear and tear of the plant and the interest upon its actual value, and such additional sums as may be fairly due for each year's use of said plant."

Successive suits are authorized for each year that the plants are held, and jury trials are authorized unless the right to jury trial is waived by the owners of the plant.

AT LEAST WILL PRESS THE BUTTON

The President's Reply to the Invitation to Nashville.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—A delegation representing the Tennessee exposition has called on the president to formally extend to him and his cabinet an invitation to be present at the opening of the exercises at Nashville May 1.

The president explained that his engagement to be present at the dedication of the Grant memorial in New York on the 27th might interfere with his being present on the opening day. In case circumstances prevented his attending the opening, he said he would be delighted to attend later with the members of the cabinet. He will announce his decision in a few days.

In the event of his not being able to be present at the opening day, Mr. McKinley will start the machinery in motion by pressing an electric button at the White House.

MORGAN'S SPEECH CONCLUDED.

The Bankruptcy Bill Also Came Up In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 14. — Senator Morgan (Ala.) has concluded his long speech in the senate on the resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba. He did not ask for a vote on the resolution, but announced that he hoped to secure a final vote at an early day.

The bankruptcy bill was taken up, Mr. Lindsay (Ky.) defending the measure against criticisms made against it.

In the course of the presentation of memorials Mr. Cockrell (Mo.) announced that he held in his hand "one of the stereotyped printed petitions from that distinguished Indianapolis conference, in which they desire congress to surrender to them the right of legislation." He asked that it be referred to the finance committee with the understanding that he did not endorse it.

DEMOCRATS MADE GAINS.

Municipal Elections Held Throughout the State of New Jersey.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Incomplete returns show more or less Democratic gain throughout the state in the New Jersey election. There was little excitement and a light vote was polled. In Paterson, Newark, Orange, Elizabeth, Hoboken and Jersey City large Democratic gains have been made and a majority of the Democratic candidates elected.

At Trenton and Rahway the Republicans have elected their nominees for the principal offices, but have lost ground in the boards of freeholders. At Camden the Republicans were also successful, electing the heads of the ticket and holding the majority of the board of aldermen.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, April 13

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 99@99c; No. 2 red, 87@88c; spring wheat, 85@86c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow car, 28½@29c; No. 2 shelled, 28½@29c; high mixed shelled, 27½@28c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 25@25½c; No. 2 do, 23@23½c; extra No. 3 white, 22@22½c; light mixed, 19@19½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $11.50@12.00; No. 2 do, $10.50@11.00; packing, $6.00@7.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $7.75@8.00; wagon hay, $14.00@15.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 60@65c per pair; live chickens, small, 45@50c; dressed, 10@12c per pound; live ducks, 75@90c per pair; dressed, 15@16c per pound; live turkeys, 12@13c per pound; dressed, 16@18c; live geese, $1.00@1.25 per pair.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 21@22c; creamery, 20@21c; Ohio fancy creamery, 17@18c; fancy country roll, 16@17c; low grade and cooking, 8@10c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York full cream, 12½@13c; Ohios, full cream, late make, 11½@12c; new Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11½@12c; limburger, new, 8½@9c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 11½c; Swiss, in bricks, 5-pound average, 10@11c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, in large lots, 9@9½c; In a jobbing way, 9½@10c selected, fancy stock, 10@10½c; duck eggs, 19@2 c; goose eggs, 60@65c.

PITTSBURG, April 13.

CATTLE—The receipts fair on Monday; about 35 cars on sale; market steady; prices 10 cents higher; today receipts light; market unchanged. We quote the following prices: Prime, $5.10@5.25; good, $4.60@4.90; tidy, $4.50@4.70; good butchers, $4.20@4.50; fair, $3.90@4.00; feeders, $3.75@4.40; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.75; bologna cows, $5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $20.00@40.00.

HOGS—Run fair on Monday, about 23 double-deck cars on sale; market fairly active; receipts today light, market steady at yesterday's prices. We would quote the following prices: Prime assorted medium, $4.25@4.30; best Yorkers, $4.20@4.25; heavy, $4.20@4.25; common to fair Yorkers, $4.10@4.15; pigs, $4.00@4.10; roughs, $2.75@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—The supply was light on Monday, 15 cars on sale; market 10 to 15 cents higher; today receipts light, market steady. We quote these prices: Clipped sheep, choice, $4.40@4.50; good, $4.25@4.30; fair, $3.85@4.15; common, $3.10@3.65. Lambs—Choice, $5.25@5.40; common to good, $4.25@5.15; veal calves, receipts heavy, prices lower, selling at $4.00@4.50; heavy and thin calves, $3.00@3.50. Wooled sheep not wanted.

CINCINNATI, April 13.

HOGS—Market steady at $3.3 @4.15.

CATTLE—Market firm at $2.50@4.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at $3.00@5.00. Lambs—Market steady at $4.00@4.75.

NEW YORK, April 13.

WHEAT—Spot market more active; No. 2 red nominal; No. 3 hard winter, 73½c.

CORN—Spot market quiet; No. 2, 29½c.

OATS—Spot market dull and easy; No. 2, 22c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 11@12c per pound dressed weight; sheep at 10½@13½c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 8½@10c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market quiet and steady. Unshorn sheep, $4.25@5.25; clipped do, $3.50@4.50; unshorn lambs, $3.75@6.75; clipped do, $5.00@5.75.

HOGS—Market steady at $4.25@4.60.

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THE GREAT GERMAN HEADACHE CURE

A QUICK RELIEF FOR EVERY TYPE OF HEADACHE.

FOUR CARDINAL POINTS RESPECTING HEADACHE.

Never forget that all headaches are essentially nervous. By quieting the nerves you stop the headache.

Every headache is a prayer of the cranial nerves for REST. Soothe them with KOPFALINE.

Should your headache be nervous, sick, periodic, dyspeptic, or caused by worry, anxiety, excesses of any kind, or brain weariness, use KOPFALINE.

When children suffer with headache, or any one else for that matter, use KOPFALINE, the best remedy ever offered. Safe, sure, wonderfully quick in action.

KOPFALINE cures every type of headache, especially that distressingly painful type peculiar to ladies suffering from irregularity or uterine irritation, or whose duties require them to stand for long periods.

* * * * * * *

KOPFALINE CURES

NERVOUS SHOCK, NERVOUS HEADACHE, MENTAL WORRY, PALPITATION, ALCOHOLISM AND OTHER EXCESSES, AND ALL NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, DIGESTIVE AILMENTS, WEAK CIRCULATION, AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all other excesses, and all ailments and conditions where active waste goes on.

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Is invaluable for Teachers, Scholars, Preachers, Students, Merchants, Editors, Men, Women and Children. Everybody whose nerves are at all likely to get out of order.

It is absolutely safe under all circumstances and conditions. Price, 25 cents.

Sold by druggists generally, or sent to any address on receipt of price.

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WINKELMANN & BROWN DRUG CO BALTIMORE, Md., U. S. A.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.

The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER know that it does all that is claimed.

It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—provided the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores natural color to gray or faded hair; preserves the scalp healthful and clear of dandruff; prevents the hair falling off or changing color; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and thick.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS

Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.

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LIKE ANDREW JACKSON

Bryan the Guest of National Democrats at a Banquet.

HIS RESPONSE TO A TOAST.

The Noted Ex-President Once a Guest of Honor at a Jefferson Banquet at the Same Hotel Where the Nebraskan Was Entertained.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The one-hundred and fifty-fourth anniversary of Jefferson's birthday was celebrated last night at the Metropolitan hotel by a subscription dinner given under the auspices of the National Association of Democratic Clubs. The first celebration of the anniversary of Jefferson's birth occurred at the same hostelry, then known as the Indian Queen. Jackson was the guest of honor and the occasion was made memorable by the presence of Vice President John C. Calhoun and other Democratic leaders of that day. Last night William J. Bryan of Nebraska, the late Democratic candidate for president, was the guest of honor. Congressman McMillin was toastmaster.

The order of the set toasts was as follows:

"Thomas Jefferson: We celebrate the anniversary of his birth, not in the spirit of personal idolatry, but from regard and reverence for his political principles," William J. Bryan of Nebraska.

"The diffusion of information and arraignment of all abuses at the bar of public reason" (from Jerson's inaugural address), James K. Jones of Arkansas.

"Equal and exact justice to all men of whatever state or persuasion, religious or political," Richard P. Bland of Missouri.

"The declaration of independence: An enduring monument of that devotion of liberty and abhorrance of tyranny which stamp the character and marks the whole course of the life of its author," Joseph C. Sibley of Pennsylvania.

"Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none" (from the same address), John J. Lentz of Ohio.

"An aristocracy of wealth is of more harm and danger than benefit to society" (Jefferson's), Andrew J. Lipscomb of Virginia.

"A jealous care of the right of elections by the people; a mild and safe corrective of those abuses which are lopped by the sword of revolution in countries where peaceable remedies are unprovided" (from Jefferson's inaugural address), William Sulzer of New York.

Mr. Bryan said in part:

"The Democratic party is strong just in proportion as it proves true to the teachings of its great founder. It is the mission of the Democratic party to crystalize into legislation the principles which he taught.

"The party applies Democratic principles to the issues which arise from time to time. For many years the tariff question was the paramount issue and the party took a more advanced position each year until 1892, when it declared itself in favor of a policy which meant substantially a tariff for revenue only. But the president elected at that time, instead of proceeding to carry out that portion of the platform, forced upon public attention an issue which had up to that time been considered secondary.

"Mr. Cleveland, more than any other one person in this nation, is responsible for the prominent position which the money question now occupies. It was his determination to complete the demonetization of silver and make the gold standard perpetual that aroused the masses of the United States to active resistance. The struggle for supremacy between the gold standard and bimetallism was recognized as a contest between the money power and the common people.

"The explicit declaration in favor of free and unlimited coinage at 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation was made necessary by the attempt of certain public men to evade preceding platforms. The party struggle which culminated in the Chicago convention of necessity alienated a portion of the party.

"The party was placed in the position where it was compelled to endorse the financial policy of the president or adhere to the doctrines and traditions of the party. The position taken by the Democratic party in 1896 will not be surrendered. If you doubt the permanency of the Chicago platform as a party creed, go among the rank and file of the party and measure the zeal and enthusiasm which that platform has aroused, and you will realize the impossibility of taking a backward step.

"True, the present administration is seeking to turn public attention to the tariff question, but if our reasoning is well founded, an increase of taxes cannot restore prosperity to the producers of wealth. If the Dingley bill brings general and permanent prosperity the Democratic party will not be in a position to win a contest by opposing it. If, on the other hand, the Dingley bill proves a disappointment to those who advocate it, our position of 1896 will be strengthened and public attention will be riveted upon the fact that the cause of financial depression is to be found in our monetary system.

"There is much in recent events to encourage the followers of Thomas Jefferson. The spring elections indicate a growing sentiment along the lines of the Chicago platform. In fact the elections which have taken place show so great a gain that the Republican party may now be considered a minority party. It has but one hope of escape from the wrath to come, and that is to secure bimetallism by international agreement before the people of the nation have another opportunity to speak at the polls.

"While we who believe in independent bimetallism generally regard an international agreement as neither necessary nor possible, we may well hope for success to any who may make the attempt to secure foreign assistance. If our opponents succeed in opening the mints of other nations, as well as their own mints, we shall rejoice, because the condition of the people will be improved and they will be able to proceed with other remedial legislation.

"If, however, the Republican party, after pledging itself to secure international bimetallism, finds it impossible to fulfill that pledge, its expressed preference for a double standard will rise up to condemn it if it attempts to continue longer the evils of the gold standard."

HUNTER LIABLE TO WIN.

The Gold Democrats Decide to Break No More Quorums.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 14.—The gold Democrats in caucus have decided to break no more quorums in the balloting for United States senator. They admit that Hunter is liable to be elected now, but they say that the Blackburn men who refuse to support Martin will be responsible for the result.

If Hunter is not elected after a few trials they will demand that he retire. They are determined that if they cannot elect a gold Democrat they will help elect a gold Republican.

The grand jury is not ready to report.

Died For Killing His Mistress.

JERSEY CITY, April 14.—Paul Genz has been hanged here. Paul Genz killed his mistress, Clara Arnim, in Hoboken, Aug. 28, 1894.

Passed Over a Veto.

ALBANY, April 14.—The greater New York charter bill has passed the senate over Mayor Strong's veto by a vote of 34 to 10.

NEW CAPITOL BILL PASSED.

It Now Goes to the Governor to Be Signed—Other Business.

HARRISBURG, April 14.—The Walton capitol bill passed finally in the house by a vote of 149 to 39. The measure now goes to the governor for his signature.

These bills also passed finally: Amending the act of May 8, 1854, to allow school directors or controllers to levy a special tax not exceeding the amount of the annual tax and not oftener than once a year, to be applied for the purchase of grounds, the erection and furnishing of buildings and expenses of the school districts; requiring street railways to enclose the front and rear platforms of their cars during the winter months; the Focht amendment to the act of May 18, 1893, requiring school directors or controllers to allow the school children to have the use of the books furnished them by the board any time during vacation between regular school terms and providing that the teacher of each school shall possess a valid certificate issued by the superintendent of public schools.

Mr. Tillbrook called up the postponed house bill repealing the prohibitory law in the borough of Rankin. The bill went through finally by a vote of 103 to 63. This is the first measure of this kind passed this session.

A communication was received from the governor, giving notice of his approval of a bill appropriating $73,000 to the trustees of the Pennsylvania Home for Feeble Minded Children at Polk, Venango county.

Mr. Woodruff of Pennsylvania presented a petition from the Philadelphia Labor League indorsing the civil service bill.

Lieutenant Governor Lyon called the senate to order, and it was only a few minutes until there was a lively debate and many charges of insincerity in relation to the bill providing for interest on state funds. Senator Kaufmann started the ball rolling by moving that the finance committee be discharged from further consideration of the Kaufmann bill providing for interest on state funds.

Mr. Grady, chairman of the committee, asked Mr. Kaufmann to withdraw the motion. He said that the the committee had reported out another bill that covered the ground, and that there was no intention to smother the bill. Considerable debate followed.

The motion of Mr. Kaufmann did not prevail. The calendar was then taken up, and one of the first bills taken up and passed was the bill which prohibits the payment of poll tax by any person or committee except on a written order.

Mr. Brown of Westmoreland asked Mr. Gobin if under the bill a candidate or committee could get a number of orders from people and pay their taxes. Mr. Gobin answered in the affirmative. Mr. Brown said the bill was not of much use then if committees could pay taxes on orders. Mr. Gobin said that Mr. Brown should not expect too much at one dose.

The bill passed third reading.

NO DESIGNS ON HAWAII.

Japan Explains the Sending of a Warship to Honolulu.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Japanese legation has received telegraphic advices from official sources in relation to the recent deportation from the Hawaiian Islands of a number of Japanese immigrants, which do not agree entirely in all details with the accounts already published in this country.

It appears, according to these, advices, that out of 668 Japanese passengers brought to Honolulu by the steamer Shinshin-Maru, 302 voluntary passengers and 146 contract laborers were sent back to Japan. The Hawaiian authorities refused to allow these people to land on the ground that the voluntary passengers were not possessed of $50 in gold each, as provided in the landing law; and because the contract laborers had not complied with the provisions of the landing law in securing previous approval of their contracts.

The passengers thereupon petitioned the supreme court to set aside the decision of the collector general of customs forbidding them to land, but the court rejected the petition on the ground that the decision of the collector general regarding the landing of aliens was final, and that Japanese not yet landed in the islands had no right to petition.

The Japanese consul general protested against this action on the ground that the exclusion of the voluntary emigrants was in violation of treaty rights, whatever might be the case regarding the laborers and their alleged failure to secure previous approval of their contracts. He himself had personally examined into the facts regarding the voluntary emigrants, and had found that they were all in bonafide possession of the amount of money required by law in such cases. So far as they at least were concerned the decision of the collector general appeared to be in violation both of the law and of the facts.

While it is true that one, not two Japanese men-of-war, as stated in press dispatches, had been sent to Hawaii, officials of the Japanese legation state positively that this action has not been taken for the purpose of menacing the Hawaiian government, but simply to preserve order among the Japanese resident in the island who might possibly become excited by what they regarded as a violation of the rights of their countrymen.

The Japanese government believes the difficulty is susceptible of settlement by diplomatic negotiations.

SEWALL IN THE WEST.

His Views on the Recent Election Results.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—Arthur Sewall, the Democratic candidate for vice president in the last campaign, has arrived from the east via the Isthmus of Panama. Mr. Sewall has been on the water for the past 30 days, and consequently is not familiar with the political happenings of that period. He said:

"I place no special signficance upon the recent Democratic success in eastern cities. They were purely the result of local influence. The people of the east are inclined to give President McKinley and his administration a fair trial. Business is very much depressed there, and should it not improve I think the Democrats will present the same silver issue four years hence, and I have no doubt they will be successful. Of course everything will depend upon the financial condition of the country during the next four years. The people have been promised better times, and if they do not get them they will again demand a change of administration."

TAKING UP THE PASSES.

The Pennsylvania Determined to Stop the Loaning of Them.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—The Pennsylvania Railroad company has determined to break up the practice of transferring passes, whether they are for a single transportation or annual passes.

During the last month there have been a number of passes taken up by the different division conductors, and notwithstanding orders have been issued to those who were suspected, warning was not taken, and the consequence is they are now minus the courtesies of the Pennsylvania Railroad company. Whenever a pass is taken up the owner will be put on the blacklist and no further courtesies of this kind will be extended to him. The principal trouble is said to be caused by some of the representatives at Harrisburg, who, it is alleged, are constantly loaning their passes.

Will Recommend an Indemnity.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The president has decided to recommend to congress an appropriation as an indemnity for killing by a mob of lynchers of three Italian citizans at Hahnville, La., Aug. 8 last.

LIKE THE COMMISSION.

Men of All Parties Commend McKinley's Choice.

STEVENSON ESPECIALLY PLEASING.

The President Wanted the Question Raised Above Politics—The Ex-Vice President Feels Greatly Honored—Senator Wolcott Expects Much Good.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The naming of three commissioners by President McKinley under the act of the last congress to promote bimetallism was the subject of considerable discussion about the capitol. Almost without exception the selections were commended Senators, regardless of party, were pleased with the selection of ex-Vice President Stevenson. It appears that this selection was the president's own, no one appearing to urge his appointment.

The president desired a Democrat who stood high in his party and who was an earnest silver man. He sent for Mr. Stevenson and, after talking the subject over with him, decided to make him a member of the commission. President McKinley desired that the subject of international bimetallism should be lifted above party politics and that the men selected should be those who would work in harmony toward bringing about an agreement. It was also believed by the president that the name of Mr. Stevenson would give the commission great weight abroad.

Among the earnest advocates of the selection of Mr. Payne were Senators Hoar, Allison and Chandler, all of whom talked with the president on the subject and recommended him as a man who would materially aid the cause of bimetallism.

Senator Wolcott is very hopeful of success. He looks forward to hard work, but says from what he learned while abroad last year he is almost sanguine of results. Senator Wolcott believes in the selection of the commission, especially in naming Mr. Stevenson, a silver man and one who supported Mr. Bryan. President McKinley has convinced everybody that he is an earnest bimetallist. Bimetallism at home and abroad, he says, will be promoted by this selection.

Opposition to the scheme for international bimetallism has developed from an unexpected source. Morton Frewen of England, who has given a great deal of attention to the subject and who has visited this country several times in the interest of silver, is now opposing an international agreement, and declares that the money question is one which one nation must settle for itself. Mr. Frewen will oppose any agreement and use his influence against the new commission when it goes abroad.

Senator Wolcott said that the gold standard countries would oppose any further depreciation of silver and that efforts were now being made to prevent any further fall of silver in India; also that the demand for gold by Japan in establishing a gold standard would cause a drain of gold from Europe which would be resisted by gold countries. In the United States Senator Wolcott anticipates little opposition to bimetallism. What opposition Mr. Wolcott says there is comes from the German bankers of New York who are already fighting bimetallism and whose opposition the commission will meet when it goes to Europe.

BLOOMINGTON, Ills., April 14.—Ex-Vice President Stevenson said, when questioned about his appointment on the commission for the promotion of an international agreement: "I appreciate the compliment paid to me by the president and will cheerfully render what assistance I can to accomplish the object of the commission.

"I am a bimetallist. I regard the restoration of silver to its proper monfunction as the supreme question in our own country and throughout the world. The importance of the question cannot be overstated. In this country the increase in the volume of business is beyond computation. In the light of these facts the rehabilitation of silver is a prime necessity. Should its demonetization become the settled policy the evil days upon which we have fallen but dimly foreshadow consequences yet to come.

"Whatever our views may be as to the ability of our government to maintain the free and unlimited coinage of silver without the co-operation of the leading countries of Europe it may be safely assumed that every friend of silver in our country will welcome international bimetallism.

"As to the possibility of success of this commission, it is known that the trend of public sentiment in European countries, as well as our own, is undoubtedly favorable to bimetallism.

"Many of the publicists of England and Germany are in earnest accord with our government upon this question. Should public sentiment in those countries justify an international conference would undoubtedly be called and action taken that would be deemed proper."

THE SOUTHERN FLOOD.

A Heroic Struggle to Save the Louisiana Levees.

MEMPHIS, April 14.—The river continues to rise south of Vicksburg and the swift current is throwing the waters against the Louisiana levees with enormous force. A telegram from Tellelah, La., reported that the levee at Davis island, in Warren county, Miss., had broken, but the report was premature. The water is washing over the levee at that point, however, and a break may occur at any hour. Many people have left the city with their most valuable effects and stock.

Several weak spots have developed in the southern levee system and the people in that section are making a heroic struggle to save their farms and other property. The backwater in the flooded Mississippi delta is about stationary. The river at Memphis continues to fall slowly.

At Helena the river is declining at the rate of two-tenths of a foot daily. The refugees are flocking into Helena by every boat. Lieutenants A. S. Rowan and M. Crowley of the United States army and Captain Graham D. Fitch have arrived at Helena on the steamer Itasca. A conference between the officers and local relief committee was held.

The relief committee reported that 6,000 people were dependent upon aid. Three thousand dollars weekly was the sum decided upon to take care of these people. Lieutenants Rowan and Crowley later left Helena for Greenville and the White river to investigate the situation there.

GIGANTIC INSURANCE FRAUD.

A Pittsburg Banker Accused of Perpetrating the Swindle.

PITTSBURG, April 14. — C. Linford Woods of the banking firm of C. Linford Woods & Co., 925 Park building, is under arrest, accused of scheming to defraud eastern insurance companies to the tune of $400,000.

It is charged that in the neghborhood of 100 policies have been taken out on the lives of men, aged and decrepit in many cases; in others on men dying of consumption and all manner of diseases. Woods is said to have been beneficiary in most of the policies.

No Money For the Congress.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Much embarrassment to the postal authorities has been caused by the falure of congress to pass the asked for appropriation of $200,000 to defray the expenditures of the international postal congress to be held here next month.

Prominent Physician Dead.

MILWAUKEE, April 14.—Dr. William Fox, Milwaukee's most prominent physician, has died.

CHANDLER'S HEROIC REMEDY.

Introduces His Resolution to Seize the Armor Plants.

WASHINGTON, April 14. — Senator Chandler has introduced his bills empowering the secretary of the navy to take possession of the armor plants of the Bethlehem and the Carnegie companies. There are two of the bills, one applying to each of the institutions, the provisions being the same in both. Senator Chandler says that it is contemplated that only the Bethlehem works shall be taken, unless in case of necessity, when the Carnegie institution should also be seized. The principal section of the bill authorizes and directs the secretary of the navy forthwith to take possession of the land, buildings and machinery as constitute the armor-making plant of the two companies.

He is directed "to hold and use such land, buildings and machinery for a period of time sufficient to enable said secretary to manufacture at the works embraced by said plant such portion as he may see fit there to manufacture of the armor plate necessary for the completion of the battleships Alabama, Illinois and Wisconsin, now in process of construction for the United States, and thereafter to return the possession of said land, buildings and machinery to said Bethlehem Iron company, to be held by said company as its own property as if the taking hereby authorized had not been made; and the aforesaid taking, holding and using of said land, buildings and machinery by the said secretary of the navy for the purpose aforesaid, shall be deemed to be a taking thereof for the public use of the United States under an obligation to make just compensation therefor, in accordance with the fifth amendment to the constitution."

The bills provide for the adjudication of any claims that may arise against the government out of the transaction by the court of claims, whose judgment in the case is to be final. The award and allowance are to include sums "sufficient to equal the damage by the wear and tear of the plant and the interest upon its actual value, and such additional sums as may be fairly due for each year's use of said plant."

Successive suits are authorized for each year that the plants are held, and jury trials are authorized unless the right to jury trial is waived by the owners of the plant.

AT LEAST WILL PRESS THE BUTTON

The President's Reply to the Invitation to Nashville.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—A delegation representing the Tennessee exposition has called on the president to formally extend to him and his cabinet an invitation to be present at the opening of the exercises at Nashville May 1.

The president explained that his engagement to be present at the dedication of the Grant memorial in New York on the 27th might interfere with his being present on the opening day. In case circumstances prevented his attending the opening, he said he would be delighted to attend later with the members of the cabinet. He will announce his decision in a few days.

In the event of his not being able to be present at the opening day, Mr. McKinley will start the machinery in motion by pressing an electric button at the White House.

MORGAN'S SPEECH CONCLUDED.

The Bankruptcy Bill Also Came Up In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 14. — Senator Morgan (Ala.) has concluded his long speech in the senate on the resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba. He did not ask for a vote on the resolution, but announced that he hoped to secure a final vote at an early day.

The bankruptcy bill was taken up, Mr. Lindsay (Ky.) defending the measure against criticisms made against it.

In the course of the presentation of memorials Mr. Cockrell (Mo.) announced that he held in his hand "one of the stereotyped printed petitions from that distinguished Indianapolis conference, in which they desire congress to surrender to them the right of legislation." He asked that it be referred to the finance committee with the understanding that he did not endorse it.

DEMOCRATS MADE GAINS.

Municipal Elections Held Throughout the State of New Jersey.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Incomplete returns show more or less Democratic gain throughout the state in the New Jersey election. There was little excitement and a light vote was polled. In Paterson, Newark, Orange, Elizabeth, Hoboken and Jersey City large Democratic gains have been made and a majority of the Democratic candidates elected.

At Trenton and Rahway the Republicans have elected their nominees for the principal offices, but have lost ground in the boards of freeholders. At Camden the Republicans were also successful, electing the heads of the ticket and holding the majority of the board of aldermen.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, April 13

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 99@99c; No. 2 red, 87@88c; spring wheat, 85@86c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow car, 28½@29c; No. 2 shelled, 28½@29c; high mixed shelled, 27½@28c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 25@25½c; No. 2 do, 23@23½c; extra No. 3 white, 22@23½c; light mixed, 19@19½c.

HAY—No. 1, timothy, $11.50@12.00; No. 2 do, $10.50@11.00; packing, $6.00@7.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $7.75@8.00; wagon hay, $14.00@15.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 60@65c per pair; live chickens, small, 45@50c; dressed, 10@15c per pound; live ducks, 75@90c per pair; dressed, 15@16c per pound; live turkeys, 12@13c per pound; dressed, 16@18c; live geese, $1.40@1.25 per pair.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 21@22c; creamery, 20@21c; Ohio fancy creamery, 17@18c; fancy country roll, 16@17c; low grade and cooking, 8@10c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York full cream, 12½@13c; Ohios, full cream, late make, 11½@12c; new Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11½@12c; limburger, new, 8½@9c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 11½c; Swiss, in bricks, 8-pound average, 10@11c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, in large lots, 9½@9c; in a jobbing way, 9½@10c; selected, fancy stock, 10@10½c; duck eggs, 19@2 c; goose eggs, 60@65c.

PITTSBURG, April 13.

CATTLE—The receipts fair on Monday; about 35 cars on sale; market steady; prices 10 cents higher; today receipts light, market unchanged. We quote the following prices: Prime, $4.10@4.25; good, $4.00@4.10; tidy, $4.50@4.70 good butchers, $4.25@4.50; fair, $3.90@4.20; feeders, $3.75@4.4 c; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.75 bologna cows, $5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $20.00@40.00.

HOGS—Run fair on Monday, about 23 double-deck cars on sale; market fairly active; receipts today light, market steady at yesterday's prices. We would quote the following prices: Prime assorted medium, $4.25@4.30; best Yorkers, $4.20@4.25; heavy, 4.20@4.25; common to fair Yorkers, $4.10@4.15. pigs, $4.00@4.10; roughs, $2.75@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—The supply was light on Monday, 15 cars on sale; market 10 to 15 cents higher; today receipts light, market steady. We quote these prices: Clipped sheep, choice, $4.40@4.50; good, $4.25@4.35; fair, $3.85@4.15; common, $3.10@3.65. Lambs—Choice, $5.25@5.40; common to good, $4.25@5.15; veal calves, receipts heavy, prices lower, selling at $4.00@4.50; heavy and thin calves, $3.00@4.50. Wooled sheep not wanted.

CINCINNATI, April 13.

HOGS—Market steady at $3.3 @4.15.

CATTLE—Market firm at $2.50@4.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at $3.00@5.00. Lambs—Market steady at $4.00@4.75.

NEW YORK, April 13.

WHEAT—Spot market more active; No. 2 red nominal; No. 3 hard winter, 73½c.

CORN—Spot market quiet; No. 2, 29¼c.

OATS—Spot market dull and easy; No. 2, 22c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 11@12c per pound dressed weight; sheep at 10½@13½c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 9½@10c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market quiet and steady. Unshorn sheep, $4.25@5.25; clipped do, $3.50@4.50; unshorn lambs, $5.75@6.75; clipped do, $5.00@5.75.

HOGS—Market steady at $4.25@4.60.

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